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Exova (UK) Ltd trading as Exova Catalyst & Exova Catalyst Ireland,
Unit C5, Emery Court, The Embankment Business Park, Stockport, SK4 3GL



Exova Catalyst, Unit C6, Emery Court, The Embankment Business Park, Heaton Mersey, Stockport, SK4 3GL T: 0800 328 1821 (or + 44 161 432 3286 from overseas)

E: toby.campbell@exova.com

Your Exova Catalyst Contact: Toby Campbell (07825 130 074)

Atmospheric Dispersion Modelling Report Commissioned by

BAE Systems

Installation Name & Address

BAE Systems Bridge Road Barrow-in-Furness LA14 1AF

Release	Point	Reference	(s)
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Spray Booth Coating Exhaust, Oven & Adhesive Coating Stacks

Job Reference Number	
CAT-4102	

Report Written by	
Matthew Pendlebury, MCERTS Level 2	٦

Report Date
6th April 2018

Version	
Version 1	

Report Approved by	
James Eldridge, MCERTS Level 2	





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CATALYST

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Exova Catalyst were commissioned by BAE Systems to undertake an atmospheric dispersion modelling exercise, to characterise the expected dispersion of emissions from the Spray Booth Coating Exhaust, Oven & Adhesive Coating Stacks at BAE Systems, Barrow-in-Furness.

Four scenarios have been modelled. Scenario 1 is the modelling of the emission points currently in operation. Scenario 2 is the modelling of the emission points currently in operation along with the new emission points that are currently in construction. Scenario 3 is the modelling of old and new emission points following the relocation of several of the older emission points. Finally, Scenario 4 is the modelling of the emission points currently in operation with the exception of emission point 1.

Scenario 4 has been included following the results of previous dispersion modelling (see CAT-3933 report). The conclusions of the CAT-3933 report indicated that the emission points currently in operation may exceed the relevant EQS. Scenario 4 has been modelled to confirm that emission point 1 is the major contributory factor to the combined emissions of those emission points that are currently in operation.

This report describes the data used in the modelling, the methodology adopted, assumptions made and the results generated by the model. All emissions and site / building data used in the modelling exercise were based upon information supplied by BAE Systems.

The pollutants specifically of interest in the modelling exercise are Total Particulate Matter (TPM) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs). As no environmental quality standards exist for these pollutants, the results from this modelling will be compared to the Environmental Quality Standards for PM10 and Xylene respectively.

Modelling results have been assessed against applicable Environmental Quality Standards for the protection of human health at identified sensitive receptors and using 5 years of local meteorological data.

Consideration has also been given to significance criteria in the Environment Agency's Environmental Risk Assessment Framework which gives advice on assessing the impact of releases to air.

To identify sensitive receptors, careful consideration has been given to the concept of relevant exposure. Areas of relevant exposure are defined as outdoor locations (which can be above or below ground) where members of the public are regularly present, and are likely to be exposed for a period of time appropriate to the Environmental Quality Standard averaging period. Modelling results should not be compared to Environmental Quality Standards used in this modelling exercise if provisions concerning health and safety at work would apply or where members of the public would not have regular access.



2.0 SUMMARY OF THE MODELLING REPORT

2.1 Maximum Values - Scenario 1

Maximum predicted ground level concentrations for the assessment of annual mean and hourly concentrations against the relevant Environmental Quality Standards within the study area are presented in the table below. Both absolute maximum values and off site maximum values are included. Concentrations at all other locations will be less than those presented. It is important to note that maximum values may not represent areas of relevant exposure. Further details of the Environmental Quality Standards used can be found in section 6.7 of this report.

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentration (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC		Y-Grid Position (m)
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	124	124	155	248	309	2015	319295	468827
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	45.5	45.5	60.7	114	152	2016	319260	468862
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	65.9	65.9	96.4	132	193	2015	319356	468859
Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	29.0	29.0	44.2	72.5	111	2016	319356	468859
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) –	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	17486	17486	17564	26.4	26.5	2014	319050	469002
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	1594	1594	1633	36.1	37.0	2014	319190	468932
Volatile Organic Compounds	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	17116	17116	17194	25.9	26.0	2014	319356	468859
(VOCs) – Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	664	664	703	15.1	15.9	2014	319356	468859



2.2 Maximum Values - Scenario 2

Maximum predicted ground level concentrations for the assessment of annual mean and hourly concentrations against the relevant Environmental Quality Standards within the study area are presented in the table below. Both absolute maximum values and off site maximum values are included. Concentrations at all other locations will be less than those presented. It is important to note that maximum values may not represent areas of relevant exposure. Further details of the Environmental Quality Standards used can be found in section 6.7 of this report.

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentration (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC	X-Grid Position (m)	Y-Grid Position (m)
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	118	118	149	236	297	2012	319295	468827
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	44.2	44.2	59.4	111	149	2016	319260	468862
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	70.5	70.5	101	141	202	2012	319356	468859
Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	27.5	27.5	42.8	68.8	107	2016	319356	468859
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) –	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	7076	7076	7154	10.7	10.8	2012	319365	468862
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	781	781	820	17.7	18.6	2016	319190	468932
Volatile Organic Compounds	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	7076	7076	7154	10.7	10.8	2012	319365	468862
(VOCs) – Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	297	297	336	6.74	7.63	2016	319356	468859



2.3 Maximum Values - Scenario 3

Maximum predicted ground level concentrations for the assessment of annual mean and hourly concentrations against the relevant Environmental Quality Standards within the study area are presented in the table below. Both absolute maximum values and off site maximum values are included. Concentrations at all other locations will be less than those presented. It is important to note that maximum values may not represent areas of relevant exposure. Further details of the Environmental Quality Standards used can be found in section 6.7 of this report.

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentration (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC	X-Grid Position (m)	Y-Grid Position (m)
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	37.1	37.1	67.5	74.1	135	2012	319575	468617
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	26.0	26.0	41.3	65.1	103	2016	319435	468582
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	18.3	18.3	48.8	36.6	97.6	2012	319631	468710
Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	6.84	6.84	22.1	17.1	55.2	2016	319631	468710
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) –	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	7058	7058	7137	10.7	10.8	2012	319365	468862
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	741	741	781	16.8	17.7	2014	319190	468932
Volatile Organic Compounds	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	7058	7058	7137	10.66	10.8	2012	319365	468862
(VOCs) – Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	314	314	353	7.13	8.02	2014	319365	468862



2.4 Maximum Values - Scenario 4

Maximum predicted ground level concentrations for the assessment of annual mean and hourly concentrations against the relevant Environmental Quality Standards within the study area are presented in the table below. Both absolute maximum values and off site maximum values are included. Concentrations at all other locations will be less than those presented. It is important to note that maximum values may not represent areas of relevant exposure. Further details of the Environmental Quality Standards used can be found in section 6.7 of this report.

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environmental Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentration (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC		Y-Grid Position (m)
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	19.5	19.5	49.9	38.9	99.9	2015	319190	468932
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	10.6	10.6	25.8	26.4	64.5	2014	319190	468932
Total Particulate Matter (TPM) –	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	13.4	13.4	43.9	26.8	87.8	2015	319349	468879
Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	40	15.2	4.37	4.37	19.6	10.9	49.0	2014	319349	468876
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) –	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	17480	17480	17558	26.4	26.5	2014	319365	468862
Absolute Maximum Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	1589	1589.0	1628	36.0	36.9	2014	319190	468932
Volatile Organic Compounds	1-Hour Mean	66200	78.2	17116	17116	17194	25.9	26.0	2014	319356	468859
(VOCs) – Maximum Off Site Values	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	654	654	694	14.8	15.7	2014	319356	468859



2.5 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [Total Particulate Matter - Scenario 1]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio η (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	38.5	38.5	69.0	77.1	138	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	8.98	8.98	24.2	22.5	60.5	2013
R2: Recreation	onal Dock Area								
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	14.3	14.3	44.7	28.5	89.5	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	4.15	4.15	19.4	10.4	48.5	2014
R3: Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	32.1	32.1	62.6	64.3	125	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	8.76	8.76	24.0	21.9	60.0	2013
R4: Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	53.0	53.0	83.5	106	167	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	12.4	12.4	27.6	31.0	69.0	2014
R5: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd				1	1		1
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	6.45	6.45	27.8	12.9	55.7	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	1.60	1.60	12.3	4.00	30.7	2013
R6: Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	45.8	9.28	9.28	55.0	18.6	110	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	22.9	2.95	2.95	25.8	7.38	64.6	2016
R7: Barrow F	Rugby League Foot	ball Club							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	4.55	4.55	35.0	9.10	70.0	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.21	1.21	16.4	3.03	41.1	2016
R8: Primary	School on Trinity S	St				1	1		
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	5.97	5.97	27.4	11.9	54.7	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	1.62	1.62	12.3	4.05	30.8	2013
R9: Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	20.6	4.18	4.18	24.8	8.36	49.6	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.3	0.90	0.90	11.2	2.25	28.0	2016
R10: Recreation	on Area off Prome	nade							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	5.68	5.68	36.2	11.4	72.3	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.38	1.38	16.6	3.45	41.5	2016



2.6 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [Total Particulate Matter - Scenario 2]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio η (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	37.3	37.3	67.8	74.6	136	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	8.83	8.83	24.1	22.1	60.2	2014
R2: Recreation	onal Dock Area								
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	13.2	13.2	43.7	26.5	87.4	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	4.01	4.01	19.2	10.0	48.1	2014
R3: Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	31.0	31.0	61.5	62.0	123	2013
Matter (TPM) R4: Resident	Annual Mean	40	15.2	8.91	8.91	24.1	22.3	60.4	2013
R4: Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	51.1	51.1	81.5	102	163	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	12.3	12.3	27.5	30.7	68.7	2014
R5: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd				1	1		1
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	6.21	6.21	27.6	12.4	55.2	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	1.73	1.73	12.4	4.33	31.1	2013
R6: Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	45.8	8.51	8.51	54.3	17.0	109	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	22.9	2.88	2.88	25.8	7.20	64.4	2016
R7: Barrow F	Rugby League Foot	ball Club							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	4.21	4.21	34.7	8.42	69.4	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.19	1.19	16.4	2.98	41.1	2016
R8: Primary	School on Trinity S	St				1	1		
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	5.70	5.70	27.1	11.4	54.2	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	1.78	1.78	12.5	4.45	31.2	2013
R9: Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	20.6	3.84	3.84	24.5	7.68	48.9	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.3	0.95	0.95	11.3	2.38	28.2	2016
R10: Recreation	on Area off Prome	nade							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	5.39	5.39	35.9	10.8	71.7	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.39	1.39	16.6	3.48	41.6	2013



2.7 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [Total Particulate Matter - Scenario 3]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio n (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	4.54	4.54	35.0	9.08	70.0	2012
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.53	1.53	16.8	3.83	41.9	2014
R2: Recreation	onal Dock Area								
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	3.34	3.34	33.8	6.68	67.6	2012
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.05	1.05	16.3	2.63	40.7	2014
R3: Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	7.77	7.77	38.2	15.5	76.5	2014
Matter (TPM) R4: Resident	Annual Mean	40	15.2	2.52	2.52	17.8	6.30	44.4	2014
R4: Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd						1	
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	4.75	4.75	35.2	9.50	70.4	2014
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.62	1.62	16.9	4.05	42.1	2014
R5: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd						1	
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	5.37	5.37	26.8	10.7	53.5	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	1.56	1.56	12.3	3.90	30.6	2013
R6: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd							1
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	45.8	3.81	3.81	49.6	7.62	99.1	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	22.9	1.14	1.14	24.0	2.85	60.0	2016
R7: Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	1.78	1.78	32.3	3.56	64.5	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	0.47	0.47	15.7	1.18	39.3	2016
R8: Barrow F	Rugby League Foot	tball Club						1	
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	7.28	7.28	28.7	14.6	57.4	2015
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	2.00	2.00	12.7	5.00	31.7	2013
R9: Primary School on Trinity St									
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	20.6	2.67	2.67	23.3	5.34	46.6	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.3	0.69	0.69	11.0	1.73	27.5	2016
R10: Crown G		on King Alfred St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	2.49	2.49	33.0	4.98	65.9	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	0.68	0.68	15.9	1.70	39.8	2012



2.8 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [Total Particulate Matter - Scenario 4]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio n (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	4.26	4.26	34.7	8.52	69.5	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.11	1.11	16.3	2.78	40.9	2016
R2: Recreation	onal Dock Area								
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	2.65	2.65	33.1	5.30	66.2	2013
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	0.71	0.71	15.9	1.78	39.9	2013
R3: Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd							1
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	2.73	2.73	33.2	5.46	66.4	2016
Matter (TPM) R4: Resident	Annual Mean	40	15.2	0.84	0.84	16.1	2.10	40.2	2016
R4: Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	4.09	4.09	34.6	8.18	69.1	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	1.12	1.12	16.4	2.80	40.9	2016
R5: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	1.98	1.98	23.4	3.96	46.8	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	0.70	0.70	11.4	1.75	28.5	2013
R6: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd				1	1		
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	45.8	1.33	1.33	47.1	2.66	94.2	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	22.9	0.50	0.50	23.4	1.25	58.4	2016
R7: Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St				1	1		
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	0.72	0.72	31.2	1.44	62.4	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	0.20	0.20	15.4	0.50	38.6	2016
R8: Barrow F	Rugby League Foot	tball Club						1	
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	21.4	1.58	1.58	23.0	3.16	46.0	2012
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.7	0.58	0.58	11.3	1.45	28.2	2015
R9: Primary	School on Trinity S	St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	20.6	0.61	0.61	21.2	1.22	42.5	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	10.3	0.17	0.17	10.5	0.43	26.2	2016
R10: Crown G		on King Alfred St							
Total Particulate	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	50	30.5	0.81	0.81	31.3	1.62	62.6	2016
Matter (TPM)	Annual Mean	40	15.2	0.24	0.24	15.5	0.60	38.7	2016



2.9 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 1]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio n (µg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreati	on Area off North	Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	6949	6949	7027	10.5	10.6	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	166	166	205	3.77	4.66	2016
R2: Recreati	onal Dock Area								
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2271	2271	2349	3.43	3.55	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	105	105	144	2.37	3.26	2013
R3: Basketb	all Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	9036	9036	9115	13.7	13.8	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	84.3	84.3	123	1.91	2.80	2016
R4: Resident	tial Property on St	anley Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	6956	6956	7034	10.5	10.6	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	163	163	202	3.69	4.58	2016
R5: Resident	tial Property on Isl	and Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	3040	3040	3118	4.59	4.71	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	35.7	35.7	74.8	0.81	1.70	2013
R6: Resident	tial Property on St	Vincent St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2458	2458	2536	3.71	3.83	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	71.9	71.9	111	1.63	2.52	2016
R7: Barrow F	Rugby League Foot	tball Club							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	974	974	1053	1.47	1.59	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	28.7	28.7	67.8	0.65	1.54	2015
R8: Primary	School on Trinity S	St							1
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2493	2493	2572	3.77	3.88	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	34.3	34.3	73.4	0.78	1.66	2013
R9: Crown G	I	on King Alfred St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	1476	1476	1554	2.23	2.35	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	17.0	17.0	56.1	0.38	1.27	2016
R10: Recreati	on Area off Prome	nade							
Volatile Organic	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	1994	1994	2073	3.01	3.13	2013
Compounds (VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	31.1	31.1	70.2	0.71	1.59	2016



2.10 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 2]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio n (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreation	on Area off North	Rd					_	-	_
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2830	2830	2909	4.28	4.39	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	89.9	89.9	129	2.04	2.93	2016
R2: Recreation	onal Dock Area								
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	1084	1084	1163	1.64	1.76	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	55.2	55.2	94.3	1.25	2.14	2013
R3: Basketba	II Court off Stanle	y Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	3428	3428	3506	5.18	5.30	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	56.0	56.0	95.1	1.27	2.16	2016
R4: Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd					1		
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2838	2838	2916	4.29	4.41	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	85.1	85.1	124	1.93	2.82	2016
R5: Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	927	927	1005	1.40	1.52	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	32.2	32.2	71.3	0.73	1.62	2013
R6: Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	1106	1106	1184	1.67	1.79	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	36.6	36.6	75.7	0.83	1.72	2016
R7: Barrow R	ugby League Foo	tball Club					T		
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	542	542	620	0.82	0.94	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	14.5	14.5	53.6	0.33	1.22	2016
R8: Primary	School on Trinity :	St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	965	965	1044	1.46	1.58	2014
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	31.8	31.8	70.9	0.72	1.61	2013
R9: Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St					1		
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	663	663	742	1.00	1.12	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	12.3	12.3	51.4	0.28	1.17	2016
R10: Recreation	on Area off Prome	enade							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	950	950	1028	1.43	1.55	2012
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	17.5	17.5	56.6	0.40	1.28	2016



2.11 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 3]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio η (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreati	ion Area off North	Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2803	2803	2882	4.23	4.35	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	72.3	72.3	111	1.64	2.53	2016
R2: Recreati	ional Dock Area								
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	877	877	955	1.32	1.44	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	43.7	43.7	82.8	0.99	1.88	2013
R3: Basketb	all Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	3350	3350	3428	5.06	5.18	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	48.4	48.4	87.5	1.10	1.98	2016
R4: Residen	tial Property on St	anley Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2803	2803	2881	4.23	4.35	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	74.0	74.0	113	1.68	2.56	2016
R5: Residen	tial Property on Isl	and Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	934	934	1012	1.41	1.53	2012
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	32.6	32.6	71.7	0.74	1.63	2013
R6: Residen	tial Property on St	Vincent St				1	1		
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	887	887	965	1.34	1.46	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	34.4	34.4	73.5	0.78	1.67	2016
R7: Barrow	Rugby League Foot	tball Club							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	520	520	599	0.79	0.90	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	12.9	12.9	52.0	0.29	1.18	2016
R8: Primary	School on Trinity S	St				1	1		
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	852	852	930	1.29	1.40	2014
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	31.4	31.4	70.5	0.71	1.60	2013
R9: Crown G	Green Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	569	569	647	0.86	0.98	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	11.8	11.8	50.9	0.27	1.15	2016
R10: Recreati	ion Area off Prome	enade							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	812	812	891	1.23	1.35	2012
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	15.6	15.6	54.7	0.35	1.24	2016



2.12 Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 4]

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Environment al Quality Standard (EQS) (µg/m³)	Background Concentratio n (µg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Maximum Process Contribution + Background Concentration (PEC) (µg/m³)	PC/EQS (%)	PEC/EQS (%)	Year of MET Data Resulting in Maximum PC
R1: Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	6929	6929	7007	10.5	10.6	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	163	163	202	3.70	4.59	2016
R2: Recreation	onal Dock Area								
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2254	2254	2332	3.40	3.52	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	103	103	142	2.34	3.23	2013
R3: Basketba	II Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	8991	8991	9069	13.6	13.7	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	81.3	81.3	120	1.84	2.73	2016
R4: Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	6931	6931	7009	10.5	10.6	2015
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	159	159	198	3.60	4.49	2016
R5: Resident	ial Property on Is	and Rd							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	3001	3001	3079	4.53	4.65	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	35.3	35.3	74.4	0.80	1.69	2013
R6: Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2453	2453	2531	3.71	3.82	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	70.9	70.9	110	1.61	2.50	2016
R7: Barrow R	lugby League Foo	tball Club					1		1
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	961	961	1040	1.45	1.57	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	28.3	28.3	67.4	0.64	1.53	2015
R8: Primary	School on Trinity	St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	2477	2477	2556	3.74	3.86	2016
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	33.9	33.9	73.0	0.77	1.65	2013
R9: Crown G		on King Alfred St							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	1465	1465	1543	2.21	2.33	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	16.7	16.7	55.8	0.38	1.26	2016
R10: Recreation	on Area off Prome	enade							
Volatile Organic Compounds	24-Hour Mean (90.41st %ile)	66200	78.2	1977	1977	2055	2.99	3.10	2013
(VOCs)	Annual Mean	4410	39.1	30.7	30.7	69.8	0.70	1.58	2016



2.13 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [TPM - Scenario 1]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Pollu	ıtant	Averaging	Air Quality	Modelled	Maximum	Change in	PEC/AQA	PEC	Magnitude of	Impact
		Period	Assessment Level (AQAL) (µg/m³)	Emission	Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	L (%)	Descriptor	change	Descriptor
R1:	Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
	TPM	Annual Mean	40	8.98	8.98	22.5	60.5	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R2:	Recreati	onal Dock Area								
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	4.15	4.15	10.4	48.5	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R3:	Basketba	all Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	8.76	8.76	21.9	60.0	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R4:	Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd		-					
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	12.4	12.4	31.0	69.0	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R5:	Resident	ial Property on Is	and Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.60	1.60	4.00	30.7	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	2.95	2.95	7.38	64.6	75% or less of AQAL	6 - 10% relative to AQAL	Slight
R7:	Barrow F	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.21	1.21	3.03	41.1	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity	St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.62	1.62	4.05	30.8	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.90	0.90	2.25	28.0	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreati	on Area off Prome	enade							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.38	1.38	3.45	41.5	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.14 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [TPM - Scenario 2]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Poll	utant	Averaging Period	Air Quality Assessment Level (AQAL) (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Change in ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	PEC/AQA L (%)	PEC Descriptor	Magnitude of change	Impact Descriptor
R1:	Recreati	on Area off North	Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	8.83	8.83	22.1	60.2	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R2:	Recreati	onal Dock Area								
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	4.01	4.01	10.0	48.1	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R3:	Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	8.91	8.91	22.3	60.4	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R4:	Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	12.3	12.3	30.7	68.7	75% or less of AQAL	>10% relative to AQAL	Moderate
R5:	Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.73	1.73	4.33	31.1	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	2.88	2.88	7.20	64.4	75% or less of AQAL	6 - 10% relative to AQAL	Slight
R7:	Barrow F	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.19	1.19	2.98	41.1	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity :	St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.78	1.78	4.45	31.2	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.95	0.95	2.38	28.2	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreati	on Area off Prome	nade							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.39	1.39	3.48	41.6	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.15 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [TPM - Scenario 3]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Poll	utant	Averaging Period	Air Quality Assessment Level (AQAL) (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Change in ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	PEC/AQA L (%)	PEC Descriptor	Magnitude of change	Impact Descriptor
R1:	Recreati	on Area off North	Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.53	1.53	3.83	41.9	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R2:	Recreati	onal Dock Area								
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.05	1.05	2.63	40.7	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R3:	Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	2.52	2.52	6.30	44.4	75% or less of AQAL	6 - 10% relative to AQAL	Slight
R4:	Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.62	1.62	4.05	42.1	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R5:	Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.56	1.56	3.90	30.6	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.14	1.14	2.85	60.0	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R7:	Barrow F	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.47	0.47	1.18	39.3	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity :	St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	2.00	2.00	5.00	31.7	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.69	0.69	1.73	27.5	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreati	on Area off Prome	nade							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.68	0.68	1.70	39.8	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.16 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [TPM - Scenario 4]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

The following table shows the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration due to emissions from the modelled emission points at each receptor location, and the associated impact descriptor.

Averaging Air Overline Mandellad Manierum Change in DEC/AOA

Pollu	ıtant	Averaging Period	Air Quality Assessment Level (AQAL) (µg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Change in ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	PEC/AQA L (%)	PEC Descriptor	Magnitude of change	Impact Descriptor
R1:	Recreati	ion Area off North	Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.11	1.11	2.78	40.9	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R2:	Recreati	ional Dock Area			-					
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.71	0.71	1.78	39.9	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R3:	Basketb	all Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
	TPM	Annual Mean	40	0.84	0.84	2.10	40.2	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R4:	Residen	tial Property on St	anley Rd							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	1.12	1.12	2.80	40.9	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R5:	Residen	tial Property on Isl	land Rd							
	TPM	Annual Mean	40	0.70	0.70	1.75	28.5	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Residen	tial Property on St	Vincent St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.50	0.50	1.25	58.4	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R7:	Barrow I	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.20	0.20	0.50	38.6	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity	St							
	ТРМ	Annual Mean	40	0.58	0.58	1.45	28.2	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	Green Bowling Club	o on King Alfred St							
	TPM	Annual Mean	40	0.17	0.17	0.43	26.2	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreati	ion Area off Prome	enade							
	TPM	Annual Mean	40	0.24	0.24	0.60	38.7	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.17 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 1]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Pollu	tant	Averaging	Air Quality	Modelled	Maximum	Change in	PEC/AQA	PEC	Magnitude of	Impact
		Period	Assessment Level (AQAL) (μg/m³)	Emission	Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	L (%)	Descriptor	change	Descriptor
R1:	Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	166	166	3.77	4.66	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R2:	Recreation	onal Dock Area								
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	105	105	2.37	3.26	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R3:	Basketba	all Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	84.3	84.3	1.91	2.80	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R4:	Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	163	163	3.69	4.58	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R5:	Resident	ial Property on Is	land Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	35.7	35.7	0.81	1.70	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
,	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	71.9	71.9	1.63	2.52	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R7:	Barrow F	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	28.7	28.7	0.65	1.54	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity	St							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	34.3	34.3	0.78	1.66	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Club	o on King Alfred St							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	17.0	17.0	0.38	1.27	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreation	on Area off Prome	enade							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	31.1	31.1	0.71	1.59	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.18 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 2]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Poll	utant	Averaging Period	Air Quality Assessment Level (AQAL) (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Change in ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	PEC/AQA L (%)	PEC Descriptor	Magnitude of change	Impact Descriptor
R1:	Recreati	on Area off North	Rd							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	89.9	89.9	2.04	2.93	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R2:	Recreati	onal Dock Area								
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	55.2	55.2	1.25	2.14	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R3:	Basketba	all Court off Stanle	y Rd		-					
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	56.0	56.0	1.27	2.16	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R4:	Resident	tial Property on St	anley Rd							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	85.1	85.1	1.93	2.82	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R5:	Resident	tial Property on Isl	and Rd		-					
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	32.2	32.2	0.73	1.62	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	tial Property on St	Vincent St							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	36.6	36.6	0.83	1.72	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R7:	Barrow F	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	14.5	14.5	0.33	1.22	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity :	St							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	31.8	31.8	0.72	1.61	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St		1					
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	12.3	12.3	0.28	1.17	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreati	on Area off Prome	nade							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	17.5	17.5	0.40	1.28	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.19 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 3]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Pollu	ıtant	Averaging Period	Air Quality Assessment Level (AQAL) (μg/m³)	Modelled Emission	Maximum Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	Change in ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	PEC/AQA L (%)	PEC Descriptor	Magnitude of change	Impact Descriptor
R1:	Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	72.3	72.3	1.64	2.53	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R2:	Recreation	onal Dock Area								
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	43.7	43.7	0.99	1.88	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R3:	Basketba	III Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	48.4	48.4	1.10	1.98	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R4:	Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	74.0	74.0	1.68	2.56	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R5:	Resident	ial Property on Isl	and Rd							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	32.6	32.6	0.74	1.63	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	34.4	34.4	0.78	1.67	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R7:	Barrow F	lugby League Foo	tball Club							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	12.9	12.9	0.29	1.18	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity :	St							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	31.4	31.4	0.71	1.60	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Club	on King Alfred St							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	11.8	11.8	0.27	1.15	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreation	on Area off Prome	enade							
	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	15.6	15.6	0.35	1.24	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.20 Impact Descriptors of Modelled Pollutant Concentrations at Sensitive Receptors [VOCs - Scenario 3]

In order to make an assessment of air quality impacts at receptor locations in a consistent way, the Institute of Air Quality Management (IAQM) and Environmental Protection UK have recommended an approach to defining the magnitude of changes and describing the air quality impacts at specific receptors in relation to annual mean pollutant concentrations.

The approach is based on the magnitude of change in pollutant concentration brought about by the scheme at the receptor location as a percentage of the assessment level (AQAL), in combination with the actual concentration at the receptor with the scheme in place, as shown in the following table:

Long term average concentration at receptor	9	6 Change in concentra	ation relative to AQA	L
location (PEC) in assessment year	1	2 - 5	6 - 10	>10
75% or less of AQAL	Negligible	Negligible	Slight	Moderate
76% to 94% of AQAL	Negligible	Slight	Moderate	Moderate
95% to 102% of AQAL	Slight	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial
103% to 109% of AQAL	Moderate	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial
110% or more of AQAL	Moderate	Substantial	Substantial	Substantial

Pollu	tant	Averaging	Air Quality	Modelled	Maximum	Change in	PEC/AQA	PEC	Magnitude of	Impact
		Period	Assessment Level (AQAL) (μg/m³)	Emission	Process Contribution (PC) (μg/m³)	ambient pollutant concentration as % of the AQAL	L (%)	Descriptor	change	Descriptor
R1:	Recreation	on Area off North	Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	163	163	3.70	4.59	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R2:	Recreation	onal Dock Area								
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	103.3	103.3	2.34	3.23	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R3:	Basketba	all Court off Stanle	ey Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	81.3	81.3	1.84	2.73	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R4:	Resident	ial Property on St	anley Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	159	159	3.60	4.49	75% or less of AQAL	2 - 5% relative to AQAL	Negligible
R5:	Resident	ial Property on Is	land Rd							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	35.3	35.3	0.80	1.69	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R6:	Resident	ial Property on St	Vincent St							
,	VOCs	Annual Mean	4410	70.9	70.9	1.61	2.50	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R7:	Barrow F	Rugby League Foo	tball Club							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	28.3	28.3	0.64	1.53	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R8	Primary	School on Trinity	St							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	33.9	33.9	0.77	1.65	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R9	Crown G	reen Bowling Clul	o on King Alfred St							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	16.7	16.7	0.38	1.26	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible
R10	Recreation	on Area off Prome	enade							
,	/OCs	Annual Mean	4410	30.7	30.7	0.70	1.58	75% or less of AQAL	1% or less relative to AQAL	Negligible



2.21 Consideration of Cumulative Air Quality Impacts

The area surrounding the BAE Systems site is predominantly urban.

A check on the Cumbria County Council Planning website indicated that there have been no recent developments with planning permission in the vicinity of the site that would have a significant cumulative impact on pollutant concentrations at the receptors considered in this assessment.

There are no Environment Agency regulated industrial sites with emissions of Total Particulate Matter or Volatile Organic Compounds close to the site.

It is considered that the background PM10 and Xylene concentration data used in this assessment (see section 6.4 of this report) will be adequate to take account of background sources of pollution in the area and so no further assessment of cumulative effects is required.

Further information on assessing air quality impacts is available from the report 'Land-Use Planning & Development Control: Planning for Air Quality', published by the Institute of Air Quality Management in May 2015.

http://www.iaqm.co.uk/text/guidance/air-quality-planning-guidance.pdf

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3.0 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

Maximum modelled results - Air quality concentrations for the protection of human health:

The tables in sections 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 of this report show that the maximum VOC ground level concentrations are not predicted to exceed the relevant Environmental Quality Standards (EQS) as a result of emissions from the modelled emission points, for any of the modelled scenarios. The maximum TPM ground level concentrations are predicted to exceed the relevant Environmental Quality Standards for modelled scenarios 1 and 2.

The maximum off site ground level concentrations are not predicted to exceed the relevant EQS for VOCs or TPM as an annual mean. The maximum off site ground level concentrations for TPM as a 24 hour mean are predicted to exceed the relevant EQS for modelled scenarios 1 and 2. It should be noted that the the EQS is only exceeded at a small area close to the site boundary along the waterline.

The highest modelled off site process contribution + background concentration (PEC) is for TPM measured as a 24 hour mean (Scenario 2), which is predicted to be 141% of the EQS. The location where this occurs is close to the boundary, along the waterline, to the North of the site.

Following the re-location of several of the old emission points (Scenario 3) none of the predicted maximum ground level concentrations are predicted to exceed the relevant Environmental Quality Standards.

The table in section 2.4 shows that maximum ground level concentrations for all of the parameters do not exceed the relevant EQS for Scenario 4. Comparison between Scenario 1 and Scenario 4 indicates that emission point 1 is responsible for more than half of the total emission within Scenario 1. The results from this exercise confirm that emission point 1 is the major contributory factor to the emissions as a whole.

Modelling has been based on conservative assumptions, which can be found in section 7.0 of this report. Therefore, modelled concentrations are likely to be precautionary.

Contour plots have been drawn for modelled TPM and VOC concentrations, to provide a visual representation of dispersion. As shown by the contour plots in section 8.0 of this report, the maximum ground level concentrations are consistent with the prevailing wind.

Maximum modelled results - Air quality concentrations for the protection of human health:

The tables in sections 2.2 to 2.9 of this report show that ground level concentrations may exceed the relevant EQS at some of the identified sensitive receptors as a result of emissions from the modelled emission points. This effects receptors 1, 3, 4 and 6. The ground level concentrations at these receptors os only exceeded for TPM as a 24 hour average and only under scenarios 2 and 3. Following the relocation of several of the old emission points (Scenario 3) no EQS are exceeded at any of the receptors.

The highest modelled PEC is for TPM measured as a 24 Hour mean (Scenario 2), which is predicted to be 167% of the EQS at Sensitive Receptor 4 (Residential Property on Stanley Rd).

The impact descriptors of modelled pollutant concentrations for sensitive receptors indicate that under Scenarios 1 and 2 there is a moderate impact from TPM emissions and negligible impact from VOC emissions. Under Scenario 3 the impact from emissions of both TPM and VOCs is considered negligible at all receptors with the exception of Receptor 3. The impact of TPM under scenario 3 is considered to be slight at receptor 3.

Significance criteria for modelled ground level concentrations are given in Environment Agency Horizontal Guidance Note H1, version 2.2, Annex F – Air Emissions, published in December 2011. This states that the process contribution (PC) can be considered insignificant if:

- i) the long term (annual mean) process contribution is <1% of the long term EQS It is unlikely that an emission at this level will make a significant contribution to air quality since process contributions will be small in comparison to background levels, even if a standard is exceeded. The 1% threshold is two orders of magnitude below the standard and provides a substantial safety margin to protect health and the environment; and
- ii) the short term (1-hour mean) process contribution is <10% of the short term EQS spatial and temporal conditions mean that process contributions are more likely to dominate ambient environmental concentrations. The 10% threshold is an order of magnitude below the standard and provides a substantial safety margin to protect health and the environment.

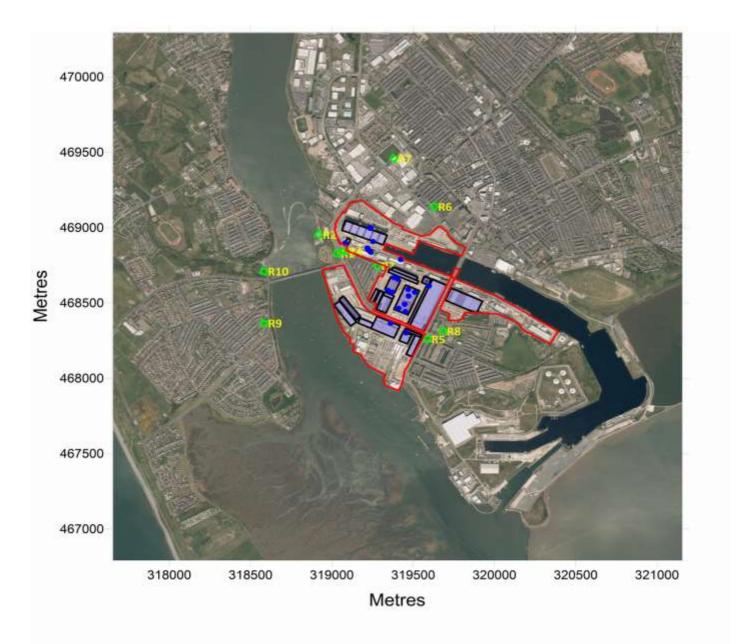
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4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE MODEL USED

The modelling exercise has been performed using ADMS 5 software. It is a "new generation" dispersion model which uses a skewed Gaussian concentration distribution to calculate dispersion under convective conditions. ADMS 5 was developed by Cambridge Environmental Research Consultants Ltd (CERC) and has been extensively validated against field data sets. The ADMS model is used by both regulatory bodies and industrial operators in the UK and satisfies the requirements of the Environment Agency on the choice of dispersion models, by complying with the Environment Agency policy EAS/2007/1/1.

5.0 SITE LOCATION

BAE Systems is located in Barrow-in-Furness along the North West coast of England. The aerial photography map below shows the location of the site (the site boundary is outlined in red) in relation to its local surroundings, as well as the location of the emission points and identified sensitive receptors (labelled R'X'). The area surrounding the site is predominantly urban with residential areas, schools and recreation areas all nearby.



EXOVG

6.0 DATA USED IN THE MODEL

The model was set-up with the following data:

6.1 Buildings

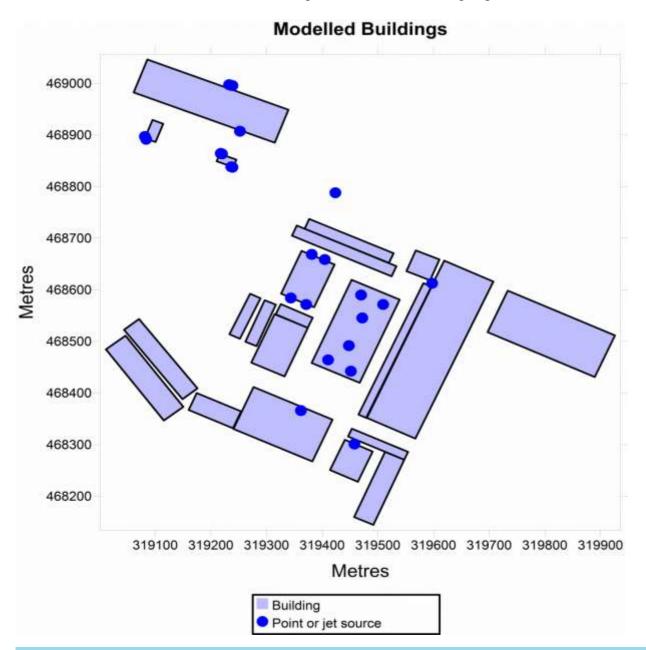
The effects of nearby buildings were considered in the modelling exercise to take account of building wake effects on dispersed pollutant concentrations. Buildings were considered that were close to the emission points and were greater than 3 metres high (> approximately 30% of the minimum modelled stack height). These buildings were chosen as they were deemed to be the most likely to have an effect on the dispersion characteristics of the release point gas plumes.

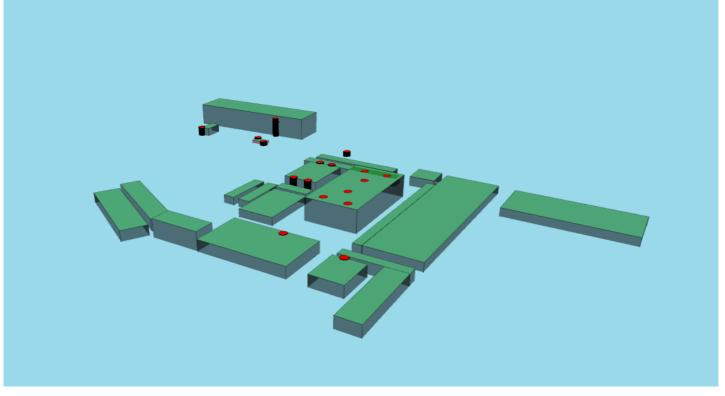
Building Reference	Shape	Height (m)	Length / Diameter (m)	Width (m)	Building Orientation Angle (°) (measured clockwise from north)	Centre X grid position (m)	Centre Y grid position (m)
1	Rectangular	6.5	15.5	31.9	201	319228	468851
2	Rectangular	18.5	20.7	37.9	111	319098	468908
3	Rectangular	51.0	68.4	271.5	201	319200	468966
4	Rectangular	17.0	21.5	195.5	204	319440	468675
5	Rectangular	21.0	165.4	20.6	294	319448	468695
6	Rectangular	20.0	45.9	43.6	113	319581	468647
7	Rectangular	16.8	97.1	335.0	115	319593	468484
8	Rectangular	16.8	280.1	16.4	205	319531	468482
9	Rectangular	22.0	64.3	54.8	25	319452	468269
10	Rectangular	21.0	16.6	110.5	204	319500	468301
11	Rectangular	21.0	138.0	37.8	204	319502	468215
12	Rectangular	20.0	21.6	63.1	205	319350	468549
13	Rectangular	16.0	103.0	65.5	204	319323	468493
14	Rectangular	16.0	21.8	87.7	113	319289	468535
15	Rectangular	16.0	20.6	86.8	115	319261	468549
16	Rectangular	35.0	35.7	87.2	204	319207	468366
17	Rectangular	22.0	88.9	155.3	204	319330	468340
18	Rectangular	20.0	44.0	172.6	53	319081	468429
19	Rectangular	23.0	34.0	170.5	232	319110	468466
20	Rectangular	27.0	90.7	64.9	204	319374	468621
21	Rectangular	45.0	94.5	176.4	114	319460	468520
22	Rectangular	16.8	211.3	88.3	114	319812	468515

Building dimensions and coordinates were obtained using ADMS Mapper, OS Mastermap and Google Earth maps.



The location and orientation of the modelled buildings are shown in the following diagrams.





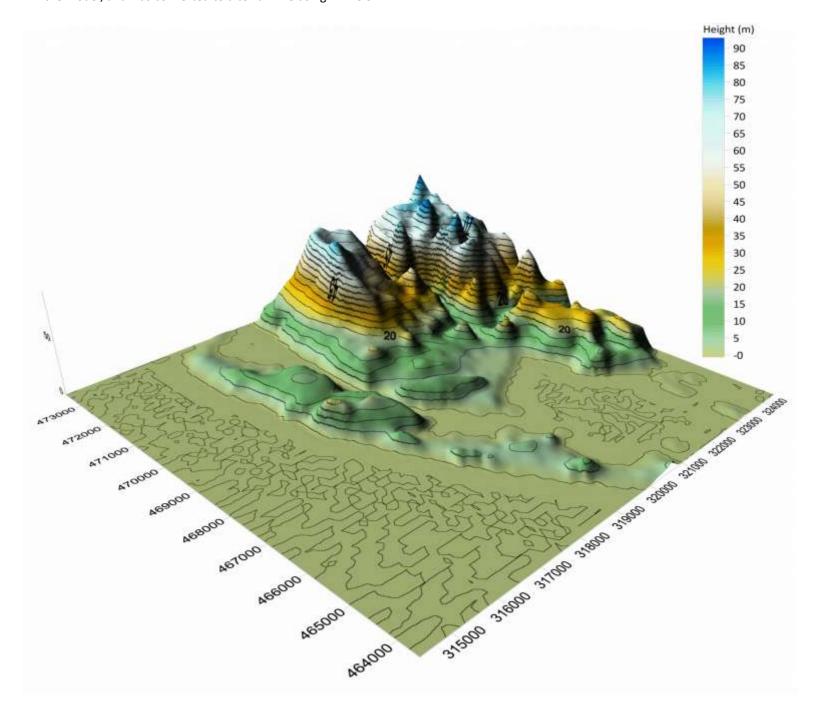


6.2 Terrain and Hills

Complex terrain can increase or decrease ground level concentrations at a given height. Terrain was therefore included in the modelling. Terrain data was sourced from Ordnance Survey:

https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/opendatadownload/products.html

It was supplied in the form of an OS Landform Panorama Map (NTF). A 10km x 10km terrain map (below) was generated and used in the model, and was converted to a terrain file using ADMS 5.





6.3 Source Data

The following source data was entered into the model.

Parameter	DDH Spray Booth	DDH Shot Blast Facility	DDH Drying Facility	DDH Main Paint Shop	DDH DDH	DDH Paint Mixing Facility
Stack gas discharge height from ground level (m) ^a	9.1	5.3	5.3	10.0	45.0	8.0
Stack tip diameter (m) ^{ab}	0.84	0.52	0.19	0.35	1.53	0.56
Stack tip area (m ²) ^c	0.55	0.21	0.03	0.10	1.84	0.25
Stack gas discharge velocity (m/s) ^a	15.0	6.9	11.0	15.0	4.5	10.7
Stack gas discharge temperature (°C) ^a	25	25	245	25	25	25
Stack gas volumetric flow rate at actual stack conditions (m ³ /s) ^d	8.31	1.47	0.31	1.44	8.27	2.64
Stack gas volumetric flow rate at reference conditions (m ³ /s) ^e	7.62	1.34	0.16	1.32	7.58	2.41
X-grid position (m) ^a (Original Location)	319237	319238.7	319217.7	319220	319252.2	319232.7
Y-grid position (m) ^a (Original Location)	468838	468837.5			468907.3	468997.4
X-grid position (m) ^a (New Location)	319470	319509.5	319410.6	319451.6	-	-
Y-grid position (m) ^a (New Location)	468590	468571.6	468464.2	468442.4	-	-
TPM discharge emission concentration (mg/Nm³) ^{ag}	9.40	0.67	0.75	1.10	1.80	0.70
TPM discharge emission rate (g/s) ^h	2.28	0.005	0.0003	0.008	0.45	0.02
VOC discharge emission concentration (mg/Nm ³) ^{ag}	3.80	-	10.0	13.5	332	38.2
VOC discharge emission rate (g/s) ^h	0.92	-	0.004	0.10	82.6	0.96
Parameter	DDH Acoustic Tiling Facility	DDH Acoustic Tiling Facility (Mixing)	DDH Ex Reactor Facility (Spray Paint)	DDH Ex Reactor Facility (Hand Paint)	C10 Acoustic Tiling Facility	NAS Temp Enclosure
Stack gas discharge height from ground level (m) ^a	8.0	8.0	19.5	19.5	13.3	23.0
Stack tip diameter (m) ^b	0.30	0.29	0.30	0.30	0.50	0.75
Stack tip area (m ²) ^c	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.20	0.44
Stack gas discharge velocity (m/s) ^d	18.5	18.5	10.2	15.0	15.0	15.0
Stack gas discharge temperature (°C) ^e	25	25	25	25	25	25
Stack gas volumetric flow rate at actual stack conditions (m³/s) ^f	1.26	1.22	0.70	1.03	2.95	6.63
Stack gas volumetric flow rate at reference conditions (m ³ /s) ^g	1.16	1.12	0.64	0.94	2.70	6.07
X-grid position (m) ^{hf} (Original Location)	319236	319236	319081.4	319083.7	319597.5	319361.8
Y-grid position (m) ^{hf} (Original Location)	468996.3	468996.3	468897.1	468891.7	468612.7	468366
X-grid position (m) ^{hf} (New Location)	-	-	319472	319448	-	-
Y-grid position (m) ^{hf} (New Location)	-	-	468545.5	468491.8	-	-
TPM discharge emission concentration (mg/Nm³) ^g	0.80	0.80	5.00	1.10	0.60	1.30
TPM discharge emission rate (g/s) ⁱ	0.005	0.004	0.01	0.004	0.02	0.20
VOC discharge emission concentration (mg/Nm³) ^k	-	18.8	1441	17.5	13.2	70.0
VOC discharge emission rate (g/s) ¹	-	0.10	2.52	0.07	0.41	10.9
Parameter	NAS	Other	CYF	CYF	CYF	CYF
	Annex Temp Enclosure	Wet Dock Temp Enclosure	Paint Facility Shot Blast	Paint Facility Spray Paint	Paint Facility Tiling	Paint Facility Insulation
Stack gas discharge height from ground level (m) ^a	23.0	11.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
Stack tip diameter (m) ^b	0.45	0.30	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Stack tip area (m ²) ^c	0.16	0.07	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Stack gas discharge velocity (m/s) ^d	15.0	2.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0
Stack gas discharge temperature (°C) ^e	25	25	25	25	25	25
Stack gas volumetric flow rate at actual stack conditions (m ³ /s) ^f	2.39	0.14	4.12	4.12	4.12	4.12
Stack gas volumetric flow rate at reference conditions (m ³ /s) ⁹	2.19	0.13	3.78	3.78	3.78	3.78
X-grid position (m) ^h (Original Location)		319423.7	319381.3	319404.7	319343.7	319371.3
Y-grid position (m) ^h (Original Location)	468301.2	468788.1	468668.6	468658.7	468584.1	468571.5
X-grid position (m) ^h (New Location)		-	-	-	-	-
Y-grid position (m) ^h (New Location)		-	-	-	-	
TPM discharge emission concentration (mg/Nm³) ⁱ	0.50	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
TPM discharge emission rate (g/s) ^j	0.010	0.00009	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
VOC discharge emission concentration (mg/Nm³) ^k	176	70.0	-	70.0	70.0	70.0
VOC discharge emission rate (g/s) ¹	3.60	0.005	-	4.28	4.28	4.28

EXOVG

6.4 Notes on Source Data

Stack Reference conditions are 273K, 101.3kPa without correction for water vapour content.

Notes on source data:

- ^a Provided by Peter Winder, BAE Systems, via email.
- $^{f b}$ Where the stack is rectangular the diameter has been calculated assuming it is a circular duct of equivalent area.
- Stack tip area is calculated from the stack tip diameter using the standard π x radius squared formula.

 The DDH Main Hall (DDH DDH in listing) consists of 64 stacks across the buildings roof. It is expected no more than 6 would be emitting at any one time during Scenarios 1 and 4. During Scenarios 2 and 3 it is expected that no more than 3 would be emitting at any one time. For the purposes of the modelling exercise this emission point has been modelled as a single combined duct equivalent to 10 single ducts in Scenarios 1 and 4 (5 rectangular and 5 circular). For Scenarios 2 and 3 the emission point has been modelled as a single combined duct equivalent to 3 rectangular and 3 circular ducts.
- d Stack gas volumetric flow rate is calculated by multiplying the stack tip area by the stack gas discharge velocity.
- e Stack gas volumetric flow rate, at reference conditions, is calculated from the stack gas volumetric flow rate, at actual conditions. The volumetric flow rate at actual conditions is multiplied by the formula 273/(273 + Stack temperature in Celsius).
- f X and Y Grid Positions determined using ordnance survey aerial photography map and ADMS mapper software.
- Where the emission from the plant are not known (New Facilities) an average of emissions from the original stacks has been used. Results greater than two standard deviations from the mean have been removed from this average as they were considered to be outliers
- h Discharge emission rates calculated by multiplication of the discharge emission concentrations by the volumetric flow rate.



6.5 Background Data

The following background concentration data was used, in order to assess current air quality in the area of interest and to determine the Predicted Environmental Concentration (PEC - process contribution + background concentration) of pollutants.

Parameter	Site ^a	Human Health Receptor 1 ^b	Human Health Receptor 2 ^c	Human Health Receptor 3 ^d	Human Health Receptor 4 ^e	Human Health Receptor 5 ^f
PM10 Annual Mean	15.24	15.24	15.24	15.24	15.24	10.70
PM10 24-Hour Mean	30.47	30.47	30.47	30.47	30.47	21.40
Xylene Annual Mean	39.11	39.11	39.11	39.11	39.11	39.11
Xylene 1-Hour Mean	78.21	78.21	78.21	78.21	78.21	78.21
Parameter		Human Health Receptor 6 ^g	Human Health Receptor 7 ^h	Human Health Receptor 8 ⁱ	Human Health Receptor 9 ^j	Human Health Receptor 10 ^k
NOx Annual Mean		22.88	15.24	10.70	10.31	15.24
NOx 1-Hour Mean		45.76	30.47	21.40	20.63	30.47
Xylene Annual Mean		39.11	39.11	39.11	39.11	39.11
Xylene 1-Hour Mean		78.21	78.21	78.21	78.21	78.21

Background PM10 concentration data was obtained from background maps available from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) UK Air website. Annual mean concentrations for 2017 were obtained from 2011 based 1km x 1km background maps for . Further information on Air Quality background maps is available from:

http://uk-air.defra.gov.uk/data/laqm-background-home

The closest available grid square to the location of interest was chosen. The X and Y coordinates for each grid square are for the South West corner:

```
1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 318500 Y = 468500
b
   1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 318500 Y = 468500
   1km x 1km grid square
                          X = 318500 Y = 468500
d
   1km x 1km grid square
                          X = 318500 Y = 468500
   1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 318500 Y = 468500
f
                           X = 319500 Y = 467500
   1km x 1km grid square
g
   1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 319500 Y = 468500
h
                           X = 318500 Y = 468500
   1km x 1km grid square
   1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 319500 Y = 467500
   1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 318500 Y = 467500
   1km x 1km grid square
                           X = 318500 Y = 468500
```

For modelling purposes, the short term background concentration was taken to be twice the long term (annual) background concentration obtained from the Defra maps. This is a pragmatic approach for the assessment of short term air quality effects as suggested in the Environment Agency's guidance 'Air emissions risk assessment for your environmental permit', published in March 2016. Available from:

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#calculate-pec

Background Xylene concentration data was obtained from the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) UK Air website. The result quoted is the maximum Xylene value measured in 2017 at the Chilbolton Observatory monitoring station.

https://uk-air.defra.gov.uk/data/data selector



6.6 Modelled Domain / Output Grid

It is important that the grid of receptor points is not too widely spaced to ensure that the maximum process contribution values are not missed from the modelled results. Guidance for selecting the size of the modelled domain indicates that the model receptor grid should be spaced at around 1.5 times the stack height(s). The stacks providing the greatest contribution to the emission are above 25m, so the grid spacing should be a maximum of around 37.5m. A grid size of 3500m, with 101 grid points was chosen. This gives a grid spacing of approximately 34.7m, which is acceptable.

Gridded Output	Start	Finish
X (m)	317650	321150
Y (m)	466797	470297
Z (m)	()

The height above ground (z value) was selected as zero. i.e. ground-level conditions.

Sensitive Receptors - Human Health

The following human health receptors were considered, that were closest to the emission points. Sensitive receptors relevant to human health were identified using aerial maps of the study area, giving consideration to the prevailing wind direction and the concept of relevant exposure. However, because the dispersion modelling uses an output grid, pollutant concentrations are considered across the whole modelled area using the contour plots.

The X and Y grid positions of the sensitive receptors were chosen to represent the facade of the building closest to the emission points where members of the public were considered most likely to be present.

Human Health Receptor	Description	X-grid position (m)	Y-grid position (m)
R1	Recreation Area off North Rd	319033	468829
R2	Recreational Dock Area	318920	468953
R3	Basketball Court off Stanley Rd	319280	468747
R4	Residential Property on Stanley Rd	319079	468843
R5	Residential Property on Island Rd	319588	468259
R6	Residential Property on St Vincent St	319629	469139
R7	Barrow Rugby League Football Club	319381	469459
R8	Primary School on Trinity St	319683	468313
R9	Crown Green Bowling Club on King Alfred St	318583	468365
R10	Recreation Area off Promenade	318583	468710

Sensitive Receptors - Ecological

No sensitive ecological receptors were included in the model.



6.7 Modelled Output Data / Environmental Quality Standards

The output data from the model was compared to the following Environmental Quality Standards.

Air quality concentrations for the protection of human health:

Pollutant	Measured as	Environmental Quality Standard Concentration	Exceedences as Percentile	Maximum Number of Exceedences Allowed
Particulates (PM10) ^a	24-Hour Mean	50 μg/m³	90.41	Up to 35 times a year
	Annual Mean	40 μg/m³	-	-
Xylene (o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers) ^b	1-Hour Mean	66200 μg/m³	-	-
	Annual Mean	4410 μg/m³	-	-

^a Air Quality Objectives from The Air Quality Strategy for England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland, published in 2007 by Defra:

 $https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/69336/pb12654-air-quality-strategy-vol1-070712.pdf$

Air Quality Objectives are policy targets often expressed as a maximum ambient concentration not to be exceeded, either without exception or with a permitted number of exceedances, within a specified timescale. As such, there is no legal requirement to meet these objectives, except where they mirror equivalent legally binding limit values set at a European Union level, and implemented in England through The Air Quality Standards Regulations 2010:

http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2010/1001/introduction/made

However, under the Environment Act 1995, local authorities are required to work towards achieving the objectives prescribed in regulations. The Environment Agency is also required to have regard to the Air Quality Strategy in exercising their pollution control

^b Environmental Assessment Levels for. This information is found within the, "Environmental Standards for Air Emissions," portion of the, "air emissions risk assessment for your environmental permit," section of the gov.uk website.

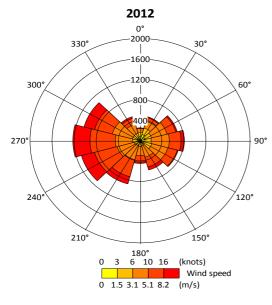
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#environmental-standards-for-air-emissions-risk-assessment-for-your-environmental-permit#envir

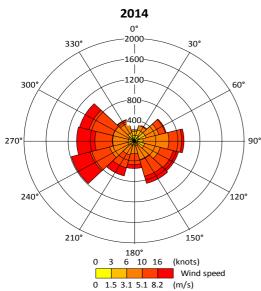


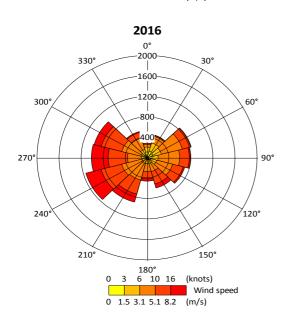
6.8 Meteorological Data / Wind Roses

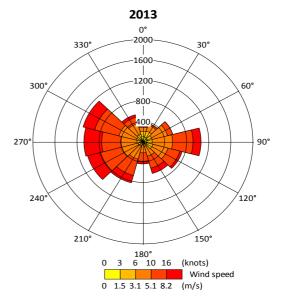
Meteorological data files were purchased directly from the Met Office covering the years 2012 to 2016. The meteorological monitoring station used for the data was Walney Island (54.12489, -3.25791). The data was supplied in an hourly-sequential format.

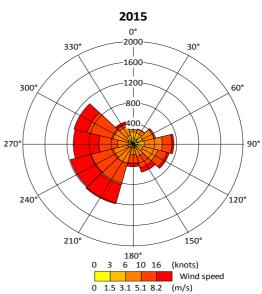
The wind roses for the 5 years of meteorological data are shown below.











The surface roughness of the meteorological monitoring station site was selected as being 0.3, which reflects the fact that the monitoring station lies in an agricultural area (Agricultural areas (max) designation in ADMS 5).

The surface roughness of the dispersion site was selected as being 1.0, which reflects the fact that the site lies in a Urban area (Cities, Woodlands designation in ADMS 5).

The dispersion site latitude was entered as 54.12489°.

CATALYST

7.0 MODELLING ASSUMPTIONS

Pollutant information and all assumptions made regarding the emissions data can be found within section 6.3 and 6.4 of this report.

Pollutant mass emission rates were taken from information provided by BAE Systems. Emission rates for the new facilities were estimated based on emissions from current operations.

Concentration values were converted to mass emission rates using the normalised volumetric flow rate of the stack gas.

The effects of buildings close to the emission points and terrain on dispersion of pollutants were taken into account by the model.

Dispersion of pollutants was undertaken assuming that the plant will be operating seven days a week with two shifts encompassing the period 06:00 to 00:00. It is assumed that emissions are continuous throughout this time.

Pollutant emissions provided by BAE Systems are listed as total particulate matter and total volatile organic compounds. For the purposes of the modelling exercise all of the total particulate matter is assumed to have an aerodynamic diameter of less than 10 microns to allow comparison with the PM10 EQS. All of the total volatile organic compounds emission is assumed to be Xylene to allow comparison with the Xylene EQS.

The specific proportion of total particulate matter that is PM10 or total VOC that is Xylene is not known and, therefore, this assumption represents a significantly conservative estimate.

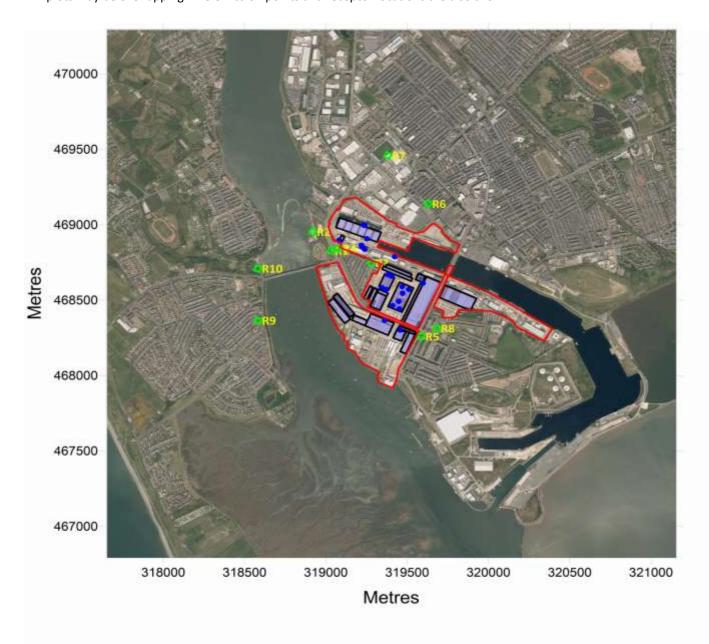


8.0 CONTOUR PLOT RESULTS FROM THE MODELLING EXERCISE

Contour plots of process contribution dispersion have been drawn for each of the modelled pollutant emissions, for the year of meteorological data resulting in the highest absolute maximum ground level concentration.

Base map with no contour plots superimposed

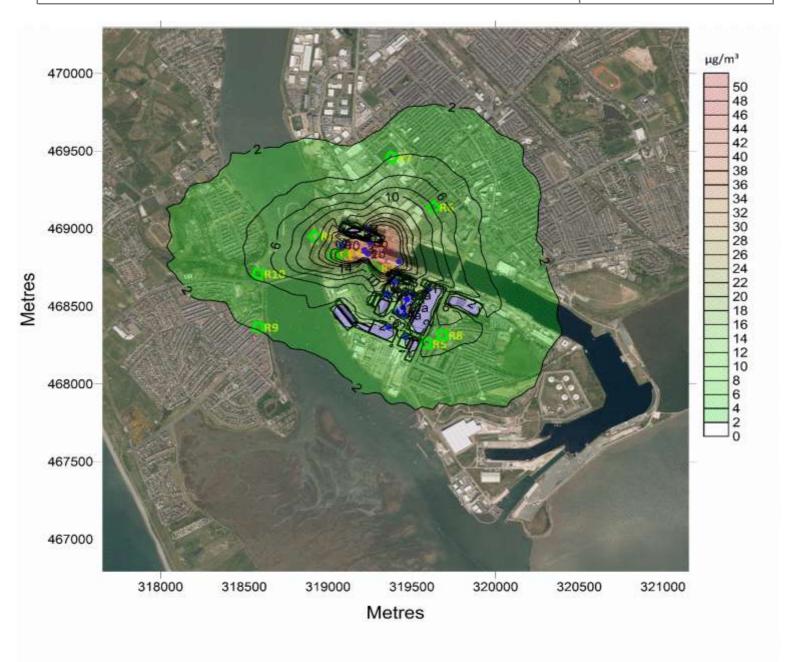
The base map (below) is identical to the maps used in the contour plots, and can be used to identify the areas / buildings the contour plots may be overlapping. The emission points and receptor locations are also shown.





8.1 TPM measured as a 24-hour mean (90.41 percentile, process contribution) [Scenario 1]

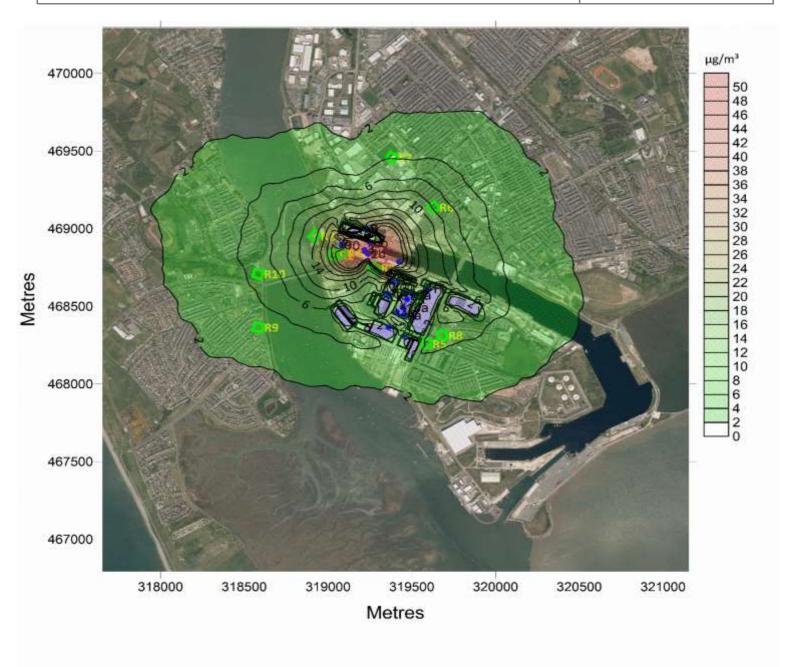
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2015
Environmental Quality Standard	50 μg/m³





8.2 TPM measured as a 24-hour mean (90.41 percentile, process contribution) [Scenario 2]

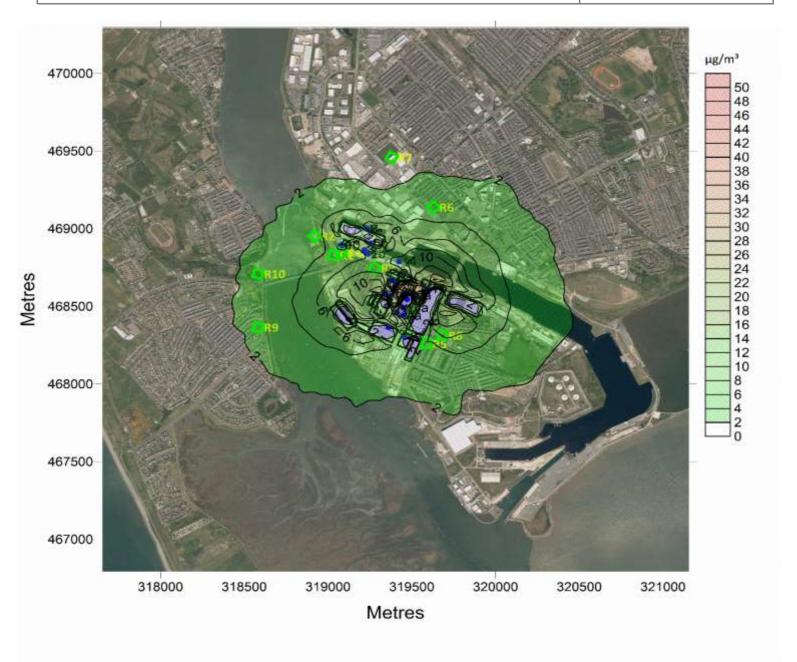
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2012
Environmental Quality Standard	50 μg/m³





8.3 TPM measured as a 24-hour mean (90.41 percentile, process contribution) [Scenario 3]

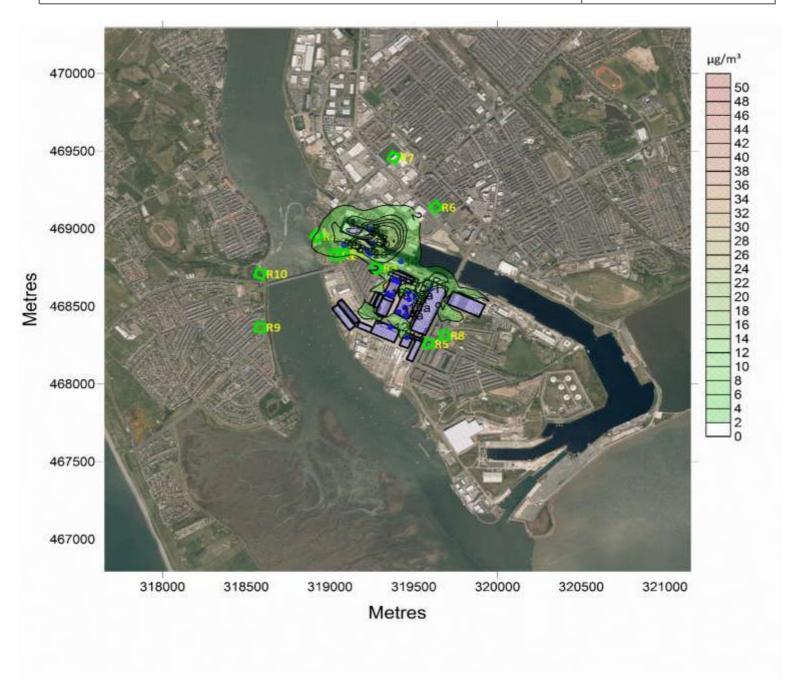
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2012
Environmental Quality Standard	50 μg/m³





8.4 TPM measured as a 24-hour mean (90.41 percentile, process contribution) [Scenario 4]

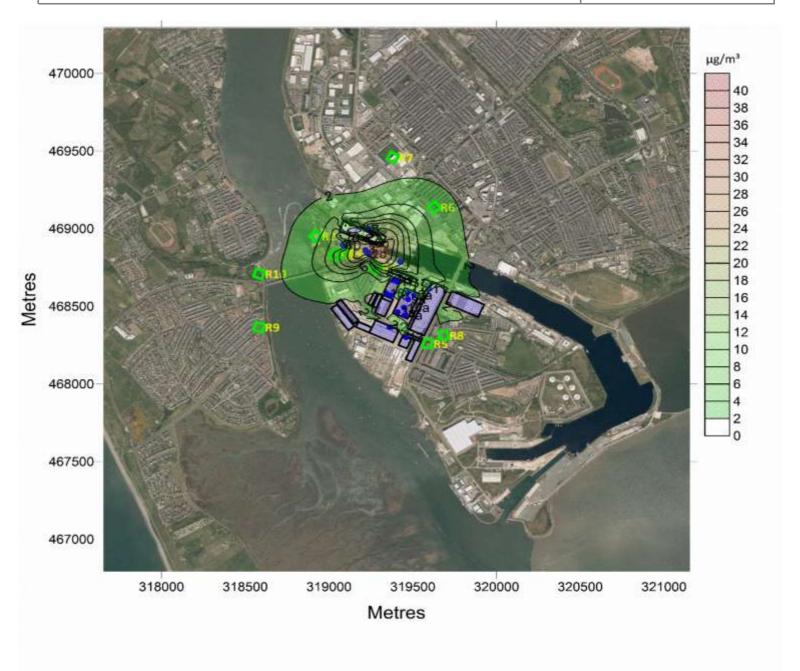
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2015
Environmental Quality Standard	50 μg/m³





8.5 TPM measured as a Annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 1]

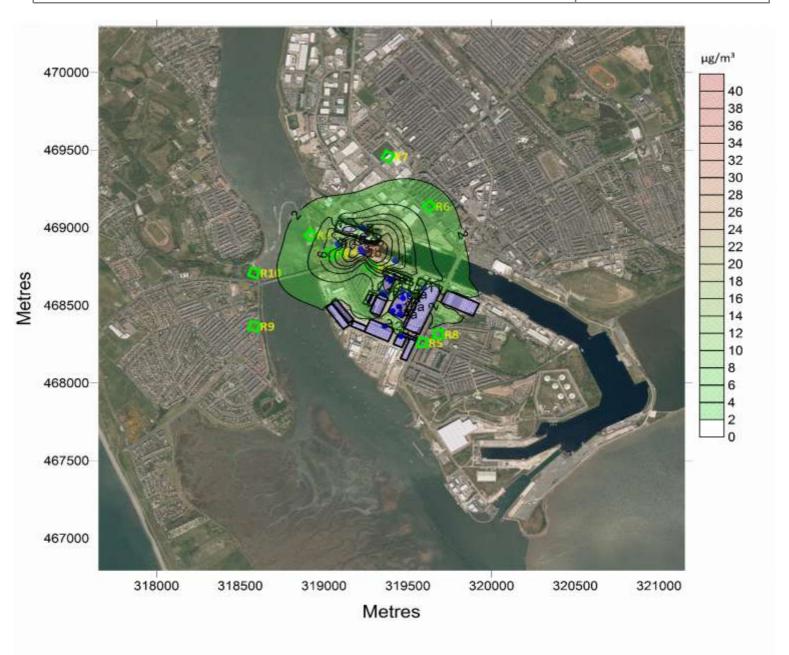
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2016
Environmental Quality Standard	40 μg/m³





8.6 TPM measured as a Annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 2]

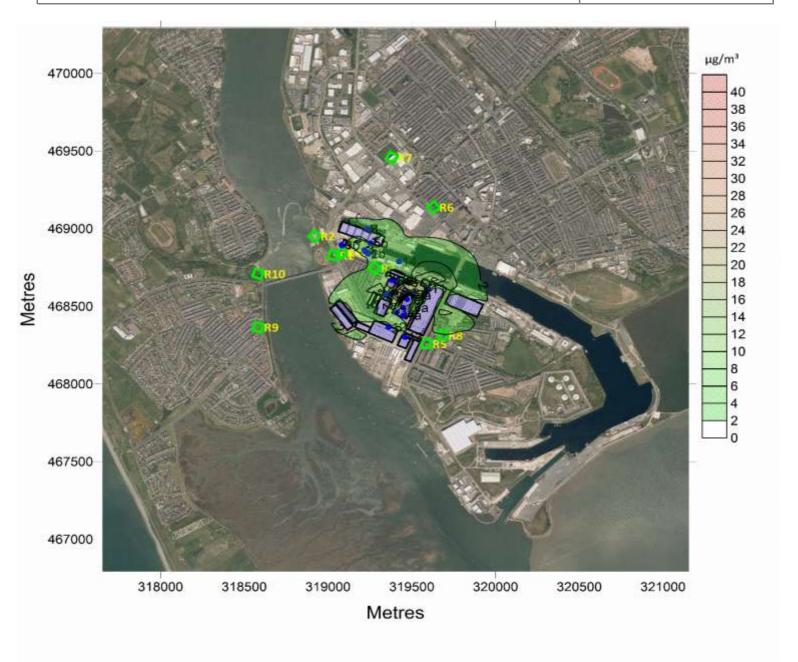
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2016
Environmental Quality Standard	40 μg/m³





8.7 TPM measured as a Annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 3]

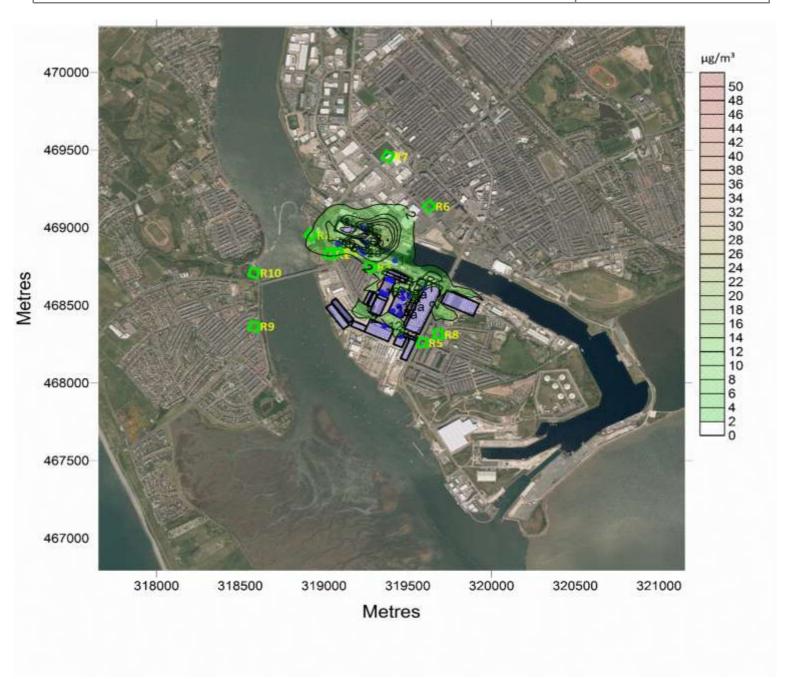
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2016
Environmental Quality Standard	40 μg/m³





8.8 TPM measured as a Annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 4]

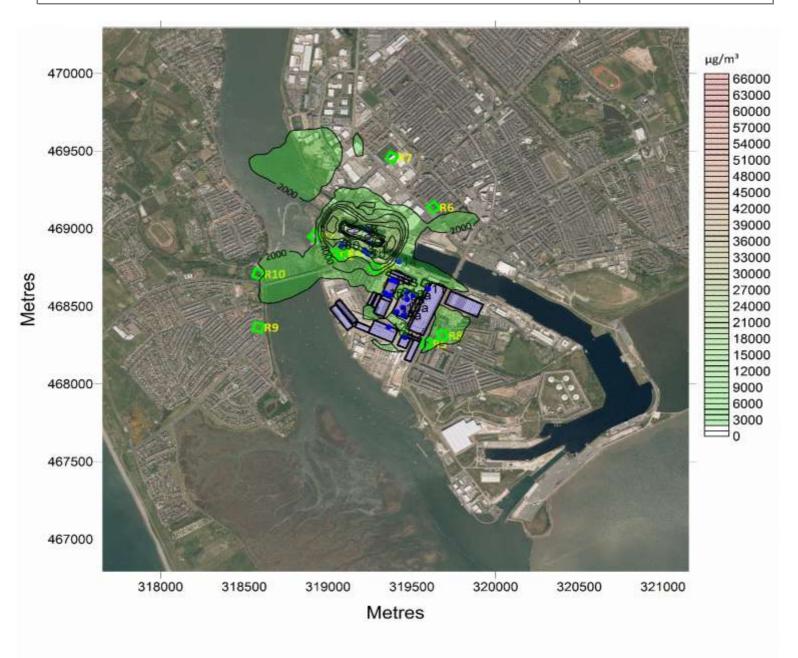
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2014
Environmental Quality Standard	40 μg/m³





8.9 VOCs measured as a 1-Hour mean (process contribution) [Scenario 1]

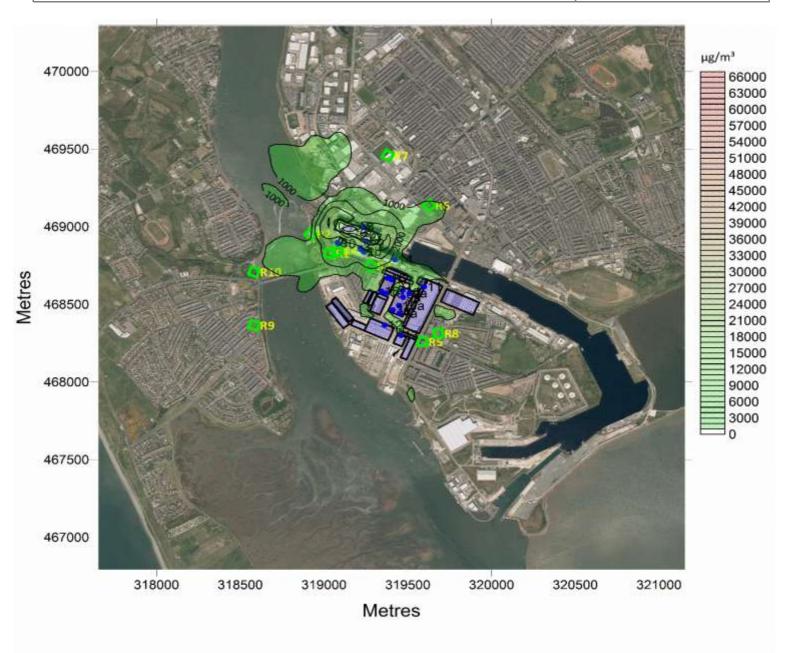
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2014
Environmental Quality Standard	66200 μg/m³





8.10 VOCs measured as a 1-Hour mean (process contribution) [Scenario 2]

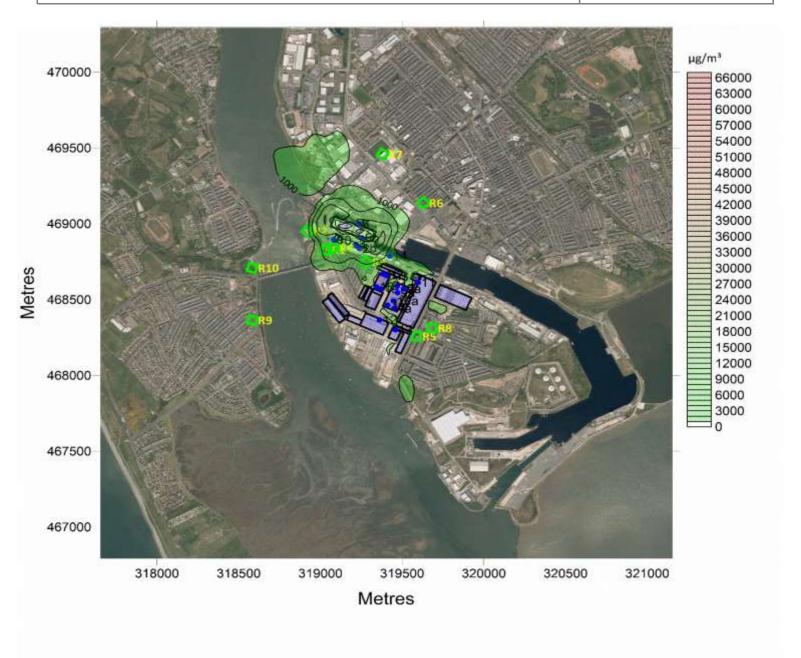
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2012
Environmental Quality Standard	66200 μg/m³





8.11 VOCs measured as a 1-Hour mean (process contribution) [Scenario 3]

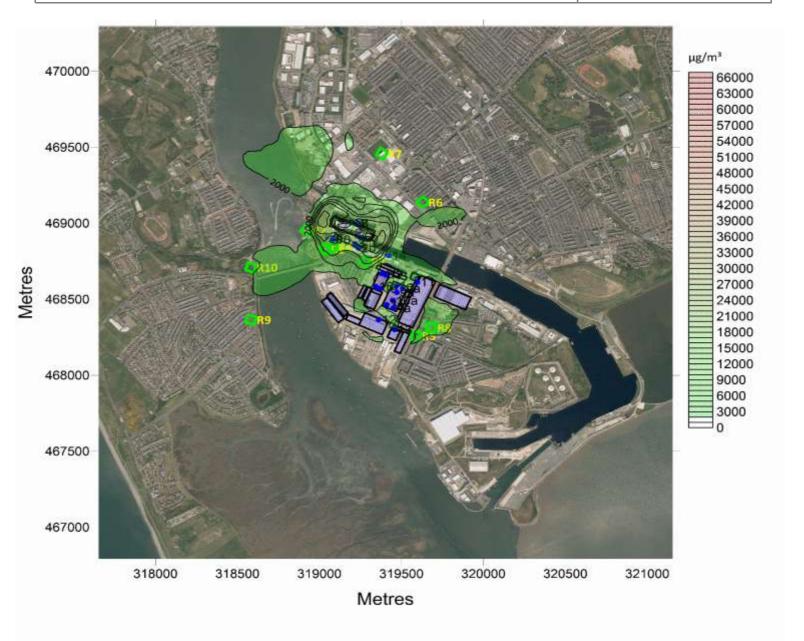
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2012
Environmental Quality Standard	66200 μg/m³





8.12 VOCs measured as a 1-Hour mean (process contribution) [Scenario 4]

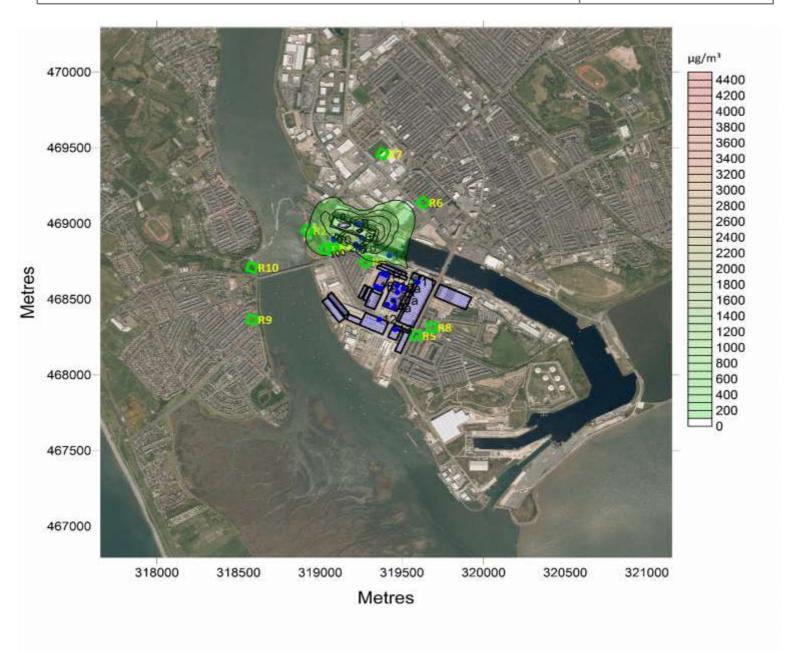
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2014
Environmental Quality Standard	66200 μg/m³





8.13 VOCs measured as an annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 1]

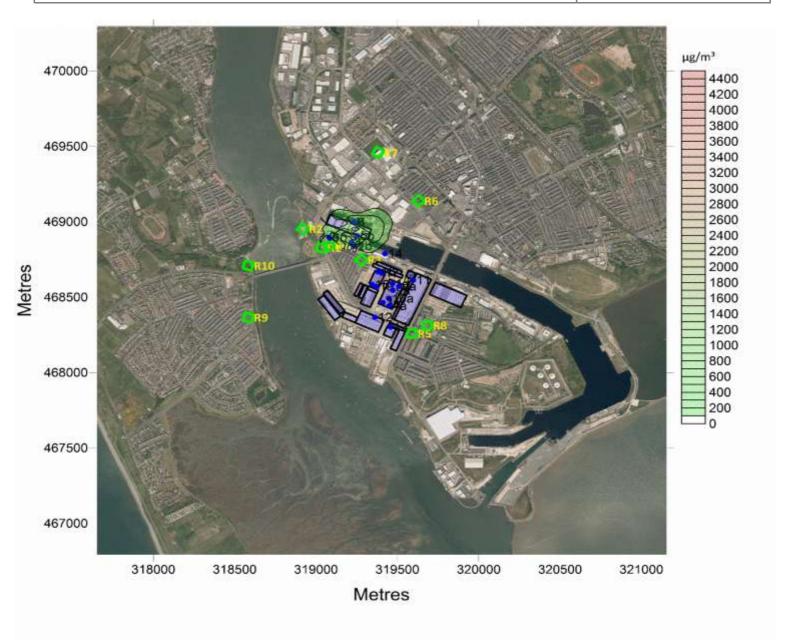
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2014
Environmental Quality Standard	4410 μg/m³





8.14 VOCs measured as an annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 2]

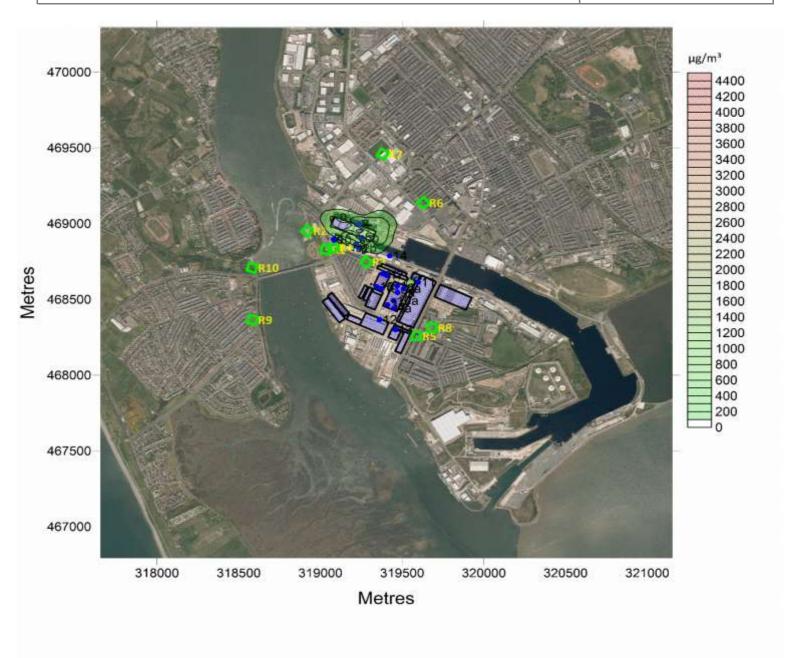
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2016
Environmental Quality Standard	4410 μg/m³





8.15 VOCs measured as an annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 3]

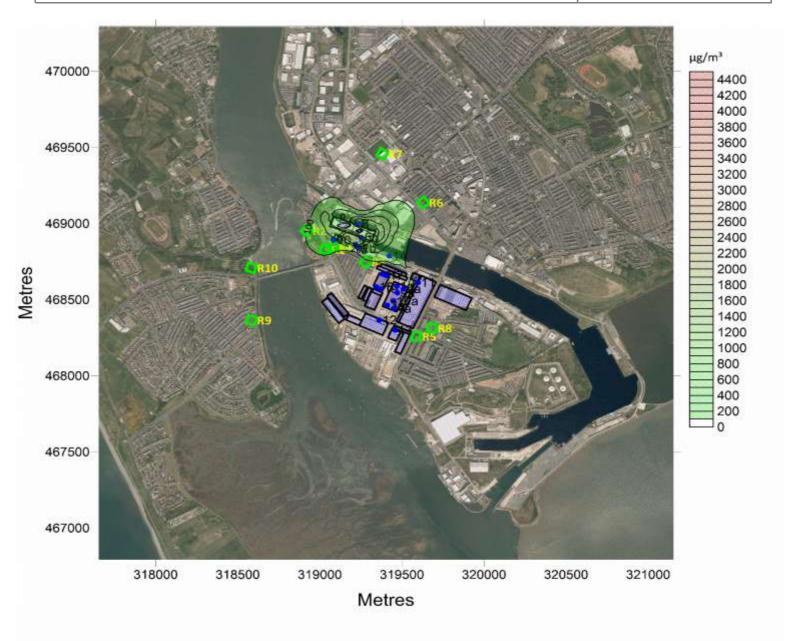
Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2014
Environmental Quality Standard	4410 μg/m ³





8.16 VOCs measured as an annual mean (process contribution) [Scenario 4]

Year of meteorological data resulting in maximum process contributions	2014
Environmental Quality Standard	4410 μg/m³





Predicted Absolute Maximum Modelled Process Contributions - Mean measured values

These results are based on Scenario 1

Pollutant and Averaging Period	Year of Meteorological Data					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	1
TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (µg/m³)	118.8	103.9	105.8	124.1	109.6	50
TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	43.0	38.3	39.8	41.0	45.5	40
VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	16646	16845	16966	16888	16833	66200
VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1487	1554	1594	1576	1393	4410

These results are based on Scenario 2

Pollutant and Averaging Period	Year of Meteorological Data							
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	118.1	103.6	105.3	117.4	111.5	50		
TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	41.8	37.1	38.4	39.8	44.2	40		
VOC 1-Hour Mean (µg/m³)	6816	6787	6751	6771	6731	66200		
VOC Annual Mean (µg/m³)	733	765	781	751	677	4410		

These results are based on Scenario 3

Pollutant and Averaging Period	Year of Meteorological Data							
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	37.1	36.3	35.4	34.2	36.7	50		
TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	25.5	25.4	25.6	25.3	26.0	40		
VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	6789	6761	6725	6744	6704	66200		
VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	697	725	741	717	639	4410		

Pollutant and Averaging Period	Year of Meteorological Data							
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	16.9	18.2	17.7	19.5	15.3	50		
TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.4	9.46	40		
VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	16642	16841	16957	16885	16824	66200		
VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1483	1550	1589	1572	1389	4410		



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

Re	ceptor	Pollutant and Averaging Period		Year	of Meteorologica	l Data		EQS
			2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
	#							
	Recreation Area off North Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	27.3	38.1	32.7	29.8	31.5	50
	ation Are North Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	7.60	8.95	8.93	6.86	8.24	40
R1	ion F							
	eat	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	6940	6936	6892	6949	6889	66200
	ecr	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	149	132	137	106	166	4410
	<u>~</u>							
	JĘ							
	ti 5	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m ³)	13.6	14.1	12.8	12.5	13.0	50
	Basketball Court off Stanley Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	3.86	4.00	4.16	3.52	3.59	40
R2	all a							
	etb Sta	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2106	2042	1984	2271	2062	66200
	ask	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	88.9	105	102	82.5	85.9	4410
	τţ							
	ope Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	22.7	31.7	24.8	29.0	27.6	50
	idential Prope on Stanley Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	8.14	8.85	7.39	8.25	8.34	40
R3	tial tan					ı		
	den in S	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	6628	9036	7726	8768	8564	66200
	Residential Property on Stanley Rd	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	76.2	79.2	71.1	79.9	84.3	4410
	īŢ	2						
	ope Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	37.0	53.0	48.5	36.8	41.3	50
	dential Propo on Island Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	10.4	12.3	12.3	9.4	10.8	40
R4	ntia Isla		60.47	5042	5000	5055	5005	66200
	der	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	6947	6943	6899	6956	6896	66200
	Residential Property on Island Rd	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	143	128	132	105	163	4410
	Residential Property on Island Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	4.12	5.75	4.58	4.61	4.88	50
	op Rd		1.44	1.65	1.43	1.51	1.49	40
R5	dential Propo on Island Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.44	1.05	1.43	1.51	1.49	40
_ π5	ntia Isla	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2079	2084	2138	2031	3040	66200
	ide on	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m ³)	33.2	35.7	31.0	33.6	33.6	4410
	Res	νος Annual Mean (μg/m)	33.2	33.7	31.0	33.0	33.0	4410



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

	>							
	oert St	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	8.17	7.92	7.48	7.71	9.00	50
	9 Residential Property on St Vincent St	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	2.68	2.55	2.68	2.85	2.94	40
R6								
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2003	2458	1905	2117	2262	66200
	ssid	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	69.0	65.2	71.2	69.1	71.9	4410
	Re							
	ne							
	eag Jb	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (µg/m³)	3.95	3.49	3.60	4.02	4.36	50
	ow Rugby Lea Football Club	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.06	0.99	1.07	1.16	1.20	40
R7	ugk ball							
	w R oot	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	939	883	935	760	974	66200
	Barrow Rugby League Football Club	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	25.3	23.8	25.3	28.7	27.0	4410
	Ba							
	⊆							
	0 0	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	4.40	4.98	4.95	5.15	4.93	50
	ary Schoc Trinity St	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.43	1.66	1.47	1.56	1.52	40
R8	/ Sc nit,							
	nar	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2080	2067	2265	2358	2493	66200
	Primary School on Trinity St	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	29.9	34.3	30.1	31.5	31.1	4410
	ling d St							
	ow frec	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	2.80	2.42	2.22	2.05	3.69	50
	n B	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.80	0.66	0.69	0.57	0.92	40
R9	ree King							
	n G On l	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	1443	1476	1409	1270	1405	66200
	Crown Green Bowling Club on King Alfred St	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	15.1	11.1	12.1	10.4	17.0	4410
	ט ט							
	₩o	2						
	ea (TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	4.73	5.34	5.29	4.58	5.04	50
D4.0	reation Area Promenade	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.25	1.39	1.33	1.10	1.40	40
R10	tior	3.	4004	1004	4005	1002	4000	55205
	rea Prc	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	1981	1994	1905	1882	1893	66200
	Recreation Area off Promenade	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	26.9	26.3	26.1	22.1	31.1	4410



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

Re	ceptor	Pollutant and Averaging Period		Year	of Meteorological	l Data		EQS
			2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
	#							
	Recreation Area off North Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	27.3	37.3	31.8	28.5	28.8	50
	Are Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	7.42	8.82	8.83	6.78	8.00	40
R1	ta tation Are North Rd							
	eat	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2740	2830	2830	2756	2652	66200
	ecr	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	83.4	72.7	77.1	60.6	89.9	4410
	<u>~</u>							
	#							
	± 5	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m ³)	12.9	12.8	12.3	11.3	13.2	50
	Basketball Court off Stanley Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	3.71	3.79	4.01	3.39	3.43	40
R2	all a							
	etb Sta	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	1055	947	960	1084	927	66200
	ask	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	49.7	55.2	54.5	45.5	47.0	4410
	Ţ.							
	ope Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	21.7	31.0	23.8	28.3	27.1	50
	Prc ley	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	8.28	8.91	7.50	8.28	8.33	40
R3	idential Prope on Stanley Rd					ı		
	den n S	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2619	3428	2965	3347	3227	66200
	Residential Property on Stanley Rd	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	52.2	54.7	54.3	53.8	56.0	4410
	ξ	2						
	ope Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	37.4	51.1	46.4	35.8	38.6	50
	dential Prope on Island Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	10.2	12.2	12.3	9.4	10.6	40
R4	ntia Isla		2740	2020	2027	2760	2650	66200
	der	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2749	2838	2837	2760	2650	66200
	Residential Property on Island Rd	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	78.4	70.8	73.7	59.8	85.1	4410
	erty	TDM 24 Hour Moon (00 41 % ilo) (12 /m ³)	4.36	6.21	4.96	4.86	5.15	50
	op. Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.54	1.73	1.52	1.59	1.57	40
R5	al Pr	Trivi Allitual ivieali (μg/m)	1.34	1./5	1.32	1.39	1.3/	40
כח	Residential Property on Island Rd	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	885	927	916	859	922	66200
	ide on	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m ³)	30.8	32.2	29.0	31.0	30.8	4410
	Res	VOC Aimuai Mean (μg/m)	30.0	32.2	29.0	31.0	30.0	4410



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

	peri : St	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (µg/m³)	7.79	7.63	7.25	7.72	8.51	50
	නි Residential Property on St Vincent St	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	2.61	2.49	2.59	2.81	2.88	40
R6	ial /inc							
	lent St V	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	1031	1106	1000	983	1022	66200
	esid on	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	35.0	32.7	34.9	35.7	36.6	4410
	Barrow Rugby League Football Club							
	eag P	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	3.91	3.38	3.53	3.83	4.21	50
	ow Rugby Lea Football Club	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.04	0.96	1.06	1.11	1.19	40
R7	tugł ball							
	w R oot	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	484	424	441	417	542	66200
	arro F	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	13.4	12.3	13.5	14.4	14.5	4410
	⊑						ı	
	0	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	4.97	5.70	5.61	5.58	5.52	50
	Primary School on Trinity St	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.55	1.78	1.59	1.67	1.63	40
R8	y Sc init					1	1	
	nar Tr	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	855	845	965	919	827	66200
	Prir	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	29.1	31.8	29.5	30.1	30.0	4410
	ling d St	2						
	ow fre	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	3.03	2.62	2.49	2.13	3.84	50
	an B g Al	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.84	0.71	0.74	0.61	0.95	40
R9	iree Kin							
	ñ on	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	651	663	652	596	645	66200
	Crown Green Bowling Club on King Alfred St	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	10.9	9.46	9.70	8.44	12.3	4410
	off	70.404.11 14 (00.44.00) 14 (3)	4.60	F 20	F 22	4.42	4.00	
	rea de	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	4.60	5.39	5.23	4.42	4.89	50
D10	Recreation Area off Promenade	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.25	1.39	1.34	1.12	1.37	40
R10	ıtioı ɔme	VOC 1 Have Many (voc/m³)	950	970	890	867	996	66200
	rrea Pro	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	16.2	879 15.8		13.7	886 17.5	4410
	Rec	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	10.2	15.8	15.6	15./	17.5	4410



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

R1	50 40 66200 4410 50 40
R2 Ho to the part of the pa	40 66200 4410 50 40
R2 Ho to the part of the pa	40 66200 4410 50 40
R2 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 3.34 2.92 3.21 3.01 3.15 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 0.95 0.96 1.05 0.88 0.92	66200 4410 50 40
R2 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 3.34 2.92 3.21 3.01 3.15 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 0.95 0.96 1.05 0.88 0.92	50 40
R2 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 3.34 2.92 3.21 3.01 3.15 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 0.95 0.96 1.05 0.88 0.92	50 40
R2 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 3.34 2.92 3.21 3.01 3.15 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 0.95 0.96 1.05 0.88 0.92	50 40
R2 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 3.34 2.92 3.21 3.01 3.15 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 0.95 0.96 1.05 0.88 0.92	40
R3 P	40
R3 P	40
R3 P	
R3 Page 1 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 6.95 6.64 7.77 6.39 7.17 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 2.06 2.14 2.52 2.01 2.14	66200
R3 Page 1 TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 6.95 6.64 7.77 6.39 7.17 TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³) 2.06 2.14 2.52 2.01 2.14 VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³) 2500 3350 2854 3242 3116 VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³) 44.8 46.5 47.5 46.0 48.4	66200
R3 P	
R3 P	4410
	50
	40
	66200
	4410
ΤΡΜ 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 4.75 4.11 4.75 4.18 4.53 TPM Applied Mean (μg/m³) 1.48 1.44 1.62 1.29 1.48	
TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 4.75 4.11 4.75 4.18 4.53	
$Q \simeq TPM \Delta n n u a Mean (u a / m^3)$ 1 48 1 44 1 62 1 29 1 48	50
	40
R4 in the second	
VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³) 2711 2803 2803 2727 2624	66200
(μg/m³) 67.3 59.0 64.5 49.5 74.0	4410
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
4	
ΤΡΜ 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) 4.00 5.37 4.16 4.59 5.00	50
R5 Po Co 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	40
R5 E E	
$\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \text{VOC 1-Hour Mean (µg/m}^3)}$ 934 907 844 897 866	66200
VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³) 31.3 32.6 29.4 31.6 31.4	4410
<u> </u>	



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

B8 99 Pacidential Property	sidential Propert on St Vincent St	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	3.18	2.90	3.02	3.27	3.81	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.99	0.91	0.98	1.08	1.14	40
	ial Vinc							
	ssident on St \	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	839	887	817	805	838	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	32.7	30.5	32.6	33.5	34.4	4410
	Barrow Rugby League Football Club							
	eag Jp	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	1.30	1.29	1.60	1.18	1.78	50
	ow Rugby Lea Football Club	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.43	0.37	0.44	0.38	0.47	40
R7	ugk ball							
	w R oot	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	482	446	446	452	520	66200
	j r	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	12.1	11.1	12.2	12.7	12.9	4410
	Ba							
	_							
	0 0	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m ³)	6.31	6.55	6.78	7.28	6.60	50
	Primary School on Trinity St	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.84	2.00	1.87	1.99	1.93	40
R8								
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	797	768	852	835	776	66200
	Prin	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	30.5	33.3	30.9	31.6	31.4	4410
	ing I St							
	Crown Green Bowling Club on King Alfred St	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	2.30	2.39	2.43	2.33	2.67	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.66	0.65	0.63	0.55	0.69	40
R9								
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	554	567	553	497	568	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	10.6	9.35	9.48	8.20	11.8	4410
	55							
	Recreation Area off Promenade							
		TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	2.44	2.49	2.24	2.16	2.22	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.68	0.66	0.66	0.63	0.60	40
R10	tion me							
	Recreat	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	812	718	741	704	753	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	14.9	14.4	14.2	12.6	15.6	4410



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

Receptor		Pollutant and Averaging Period	Year of Meteorological Data					
			2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
	#							
R1	Recreation Area off North Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	3.50	3.14	3.35	2.33	4.26	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	1.00	0.91	0.95	0.73	1.11	40
			ı					
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	6920	6917	6872	6929	6869	66200
	Reci	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	147	129	134	103	163	4410
	off	700.000 (00.000) (1.000)	2.20	2.65	2.20	2.00	2.25	
	urt d	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	2.28	2.65	2.38	2.06	2.25	50
R2	Basketball Court off Stanley Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.63	0.71	0.70	0.58	0.62	40
NΖ	ball	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m ³)	2090	2029	1966	2254	2051	66200
	sket St	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m ³)	87.6	103.3	100.3	81.3	84.7	4410
	Bas	VOC Allitual Mean (μg/III)	07.0	103.3	100.3	81.3	04.7	4410
	>							
	oert d	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	2.43	2.23	2.17	2.31	2.73	50
	Residential Property on Stanley Rd	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.81	0.80	0.77	0.81	0.84	40
R3								
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	6459	8991	7654	8692	8491	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	73.2	76.0	68.5	76.9	81.3	4410
	<u>~</u>							
	Residential Property on Island Rd	2						
		TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	3.32	2.89	3.52	2.33	4.09	50
D.4		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.99	0.91	0.95	0.75	1.12	40
R4		VOC 1 11 - 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 3	C021	C018	C072	C021	C070	CC200
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³) VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	6921 140	6918	6873 127	6931	6870 159	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m)	140	123	127	101	159	4410
	>							
	Residential Property on Island Rd	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	1.74	1.98	1.79	1.89	1.98	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.67	0.70	0.65	0.68	0.67	40
R5	ial F Ianc			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	ent n Is	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2052	2056	2110	2003	3001	66200
	bisid.	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	32.9	35.3	30.7	33.3	33.3	4410
	Re							



Predicted Modelled Process Contributions at Sensitive Receptors - Mean measured values

R6	Residential Property on St Vincent St	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (µg/m³)	1.25	1.18	1.28	1.19	1.33	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.47	0.44	0.48	0.47	0.50	40
	ial /inc							
	esident on St \	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	2000	2453	1901	2105	2249	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	68.1	64.4	70.3	68.1	70.9	4410
	Barrow Rugby League Football Club							
	eag qr	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	0.69	0.58	0.59	0.67	0.72	50
	oy L I Clu	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.18	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.20	40
R7	ow Rugby Lea Football Club							
	w F oot	VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	929	874	924	751	961	66200
	arro	VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	25.0	23.4	24.9	28.3	26.6	4410
	B							
R8	<u>_</u>	2		1		I .		
	9 7	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	1.57	1.54	1.41	1.58	1.57	50
	Primary School on Trinity St	TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.55	0.56	0.48	0.58	0.57	40
		2.						
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (µg/m³)	2057	2038	2235	2343	2477	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (μg/m³)	29.6	33.9	29.7	31.1	30.7	4410
	- m +							
R9	/ling sd S	TDM 24 Have Mass (00 44 %ile) (v /m ³)	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.49	0.61	50
	Crown Green Bowling Club on King Alfred St	TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³) TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.49	0.61	40
		тым Аппианмеан (µg/пг)	0.10	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.17	40
113		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	1432	1465	1395	1262	1394	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (µg/m³)	14.8	10.9	11.9	10.2	16.7	4410
		νου / πιται (με/ π. /	14.0	10.5	11.5	10.2	10.7	4410
	Recreation Area off C							
		TPM 24-Hour Mean (90.41 %ile) (μg/m³)	0.74	0.74	0.72	0.62	0.81	50
		TPM Annual Mean (μg/m³)	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.18	0.24	40
R10								<u> </u>
		VOC 1-Hour Mean (μg/m³)	1963	1977	1895	1877	1888	66200
		VOC Annual Mean (µg/m³)	26.5	25.9	25.6	21.7	30.7	4410